[Correspondence of the Louisville Journal.]
THE THIRD KENTUCKY CAVALRY AT MUR-FREESBORO.

The great battle of Stone River is fought and the result generally known. Our army is again flushed with victory, while the rebels are defeated and demoralized by another overwhelming disaster. Our brave boys acquitted themselves nobly, and their daring deeds have nearly all been recorded. But I have not as yet seen through the medium of the press any notice of the participation of the 3d Kentucky Cavalry in this eventful battle. And hoping it will be no intrusion upon your time, space, and generosity, I have resolved to submit a few lines relative to this regiment to your disposal, and in doing so shall state only such

cosal, and in doing so shall state only such acts as came under my immediate observa-iou. I shall, however, refer to anly one oc-

furrence, which exhibits a degree of bravery, burnge, and heroism worthy of men and

the morning of the 31st, about the time

e roaring of cannon and cracking of mus-erry began to resound through the cedar-ested hills, Col. E. H. Murray, command-

crested hills, Col. E. H. Murray, commanding 3d Keatucky cavalry, was ordered to take his position near or immediately in the rear of Gen. McCook's left wing. The regiment had not proceeded far when it became apparent, judging from indications at this juncture, that our right was falling back; stragglers were seen in every direction wandering about in the atmost confusion. The scene that now presented itself was indeed discouraging. The gebel cavalry taking advantage of the repulse appeared in our rear, exhibiting a display sum-

times so effectually turn the scales of victory and cause the defeat of an army. On came the yelling host of rebel cavalry, dashing into the ranks of the Jd Kentucky, unmindful of the deadly volley that greeted them in their upproach. The coutest now became desperate; a hand to hand conflict enteed, both parties were promiscuously thrown together; the clanking of sabres, the bissing of balls, the cracking of carbines, the shouts and demonincal yells of desperate and infuriated men, all commingling in one wild

infuriated men, all commingling in one wilk tumnituons discord, exhibited a scene inde-acrinably wild and desperate. Such a comb-rould not last long. The robels first mani-fested a disposition to withdraw; our vetern

only half accomplished. A large force of ebel cavalry had by this time sneeded in clearing the field of could be their number. But the work was now only half accomplished. A large force of ebel cavalry had by this time sneeded in

they had also taken about 300 infantry, were deliberately and triumphantly march

were deliberately and triumphantly marching them off toward the reteal lines. Upon perceiving this, Col. Murray lumediately led the charge in that direction, and in a short time his command was again engaged in a conflict more obstinate than the first. The eagle eye of the young but brave Col. Murray kindled at the sight before him. His men, animatechy the enthusiasm of the moment, rushed maddy onward, and "victory or death" confeber eread on the countenance of every one, a charge was ordered, a moment more and the

again, however, appeared in a body, and at secured to manifest a determination to ha our train, but the train and recaptured priso

soon declared victors of the field. The nu ber of prisoners taken ou the occasion by the 3d Kentucky exceeded the number engaged

iu the accomplishment of the work.

J. F. M.

MISCELLANEOUS.

VIOLINS AND GUITARS.

223 Main st., bet Second and Third.

KENTUCKY EATING HOUSE,

B. R. WARNER, Proprietor,

OUISVILLE JOURNAL TRUTED AND DRUSSED BY
TYPICE, HENDERSON, & CHROKENE. ioubly office building, green street IS OWEEN THIRD AND FOURTH

FIRE IN MAYSVILLE .- We learn from the Eagle that the hardware store of Messra Oweas, Pinckard, & Barkley, on Market street, C. G. Cady's tobacco manufactory, and S. C. Pearce's china store, were entirely destroyed, together with all the contents of the former, and the greater part of the latter, ou Friday last.

The packing house of Mr. Pearce was also entirely consumed, and his selling house slightly damaged. The loss of Messrs. Owens, Pinekard, & Barkley is estimated at \$25,000, only \$15,000 of which is covered by insurance; the building belonged to Mr. Armstrong. The store was entered by thieves, who, alter robbing it of the stock of pistols and pen knivos, set it on fire in many places. Cady's ines is about \$1,000, fully covered by insurance. Pearce's loss is about \$2,000, also fully insured. This does not include the buildings occupied by the two last gentlemen.

POLICE PROCEEDINGS - Wednesday, February 11 .- Sullivan Lampton, shooting and wounding Ciement Uhlen. No one appearing to testify against him, he was discharged. Wm. Armstrong, stealing two horses from John Hardin, in Meade county. Continued until l'riday.

Perkins, stealing two horses. Continued nntll Priday. Isiah Furris and Thos. Farris, stealing one

horse from Thos. R. Phelps and one from Jas. Miller. Continued until Friday. Cinthy Steel was found on the street very drunk and disorderly, and dressed in the habliments of a soldier. She was held over in

\$100 for three months. Wm. John Teis, alias Steel, stealing \$90 in gold and silver from Henry Rehm. He was held over in \$600 to answer the charge in the Circuit Conrt.

SHIFMENTS TO THE WEST .- It is stated in some of the New York papers that the government has reason to suspect that large quantities of contrahand goods have been shipped from that city to the rebels by way of St. Louis. To check such practices, the government has issued orders prohibiting the shipment of goods of a contraband nature to St. Louis and other points in the West from which they can be easily sent on to the rebels, withont special permission. The railroad and express companies have been formally notified not to carry such goods, unless the shippers exhibit permits from the Custom House. The application of this order to Louisville merchants has proved very annoying. A few days ugo one of our leading grocers suffered consignment from New York, and it is said erument, but must also enlorse all the cra consignment from New York, and it is said that shipments for this point are also delayed in Philadelphia for the same reason, it being necessary for the consignee here to obtain a permit before his goods can be forwarded one Philadelphia merchant notified his customers here yesterday that he was not permitted to send his goods to Louisville, but that he could forward them to Cincinuati, at which place they would be subject to his order, no permit being necessary to enable the merchant to ship even contraband articles to Cincinnati. It is not wholly unnecessary but to list absolutely unjust to pursue this stringeat policy in reference to the business community of this clty, as, through the elliciency of the agents of the Treasury Department here, the contrahand business has been discoutinged, at least so far as Louisville merchants are concerned. We insist that this discrimination against Louisville merchants is unfair, excred-

SOLDIERS' LETTERS .- Much complaint, and much that is just, has been made in reference to the delay to which our soldiers are subjected in the receipt of letters from their friends at home. One great evil complained of is the eleprivation to which soldiers in hospital are subjected. The postmusters are perhaps censurable in some instances for the neglect, but, in the majority of lustances, the fault lies with correspondents, who are either ignoraat us to the form of address they should adopt or reckless as to the fate of their letters. An intelligent correspondent suggested a few days ago that, to insure its speedy delivery a letter to a soldier in hospital should be so directed as to embrace the name of the regiment and company to which he may belong when in the field. In this particular our orrespondent errs. That is the main reason that letters intended for soldiers in hospital miscarry and go to the regiments lustead of the hospitals. If a soldier is known to be in any particular hospital, it is worse than useless to designate upon the letter the name of the corps to which he may be attached The word Hospital then should be so prominently written npon the letter as that it would immediately catch the eye of the distributing clerk. To indicate the regiment or company to which the soldier belongs is only to embarrass the destributing clerk, and too often sends the letter in the wrong direction. It is natural that, where postoffice clerks have so many thousand letters to dispose of every alay, having to contend against miserable chirography and the ignorance of correspondents, mistakes should occur; Indeed it is remarkable that the nimble-fingered distributors do their herculean work with so much accu-

GEN. BURNSINE. - A Washington despatch states that Gen. Burnside, with unexampled magnanimity, offers to resume command o his old army corps, and fight under Hooker He positively asserts that he will not remain in the service without a command, holding is to ho the duty of every man holding a commission to give his time and energies to the cause of the Government. He is greatly surprised and alarmed at the threatening posture of the Democratic party In the North, and, without vigorous and successful action by the Government, apprehends that we may have a formidable fire in the rear.

The paper mail from this city for Cincinnati will be sent hereafter by way of Lexington, by which arrangement the Louisville p. pers will reach Cinciunati the evening of the Lay of publication.

REN TUCKY OFFICERS COMMISSIONED. HEADQU. ANTERS KENTUCKY VOLUNTREAS, AL PITTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE, FRANEFORT, Feh. 14, 1863.

Appointments by the Governor.

Commissions Saued Feb. 7, 1863.

James A. Warder, 1 Licateman company
L, 2d Cavulry Regiment. Contacky Volunteers,
October 27, 1862, vice Jos. T. Foreman, re-

signed.
1st Lieut. Thomas R. Brown, of company A, promoted to Captain of company 1, 1511 Infantry Regiment Kentucky Volunteers, January 21, 1863, vice Robert Vaughau, pro-

noted.

2d Lieut. John D. Millman, of company D. promoted to 1st Lieutenant of company A, 17th Infantry Regiment Kentacky Volunteers, January 21, 1863, vice Thomas R. Brown, 1st Sergeant Isaac Ferry, of company F, promoted to 2d Lleutenant of company D, 17th Infantry Regiment Kentucky Volunteers, January 21, 1863, vice John D. Millman,

promoted.
1st Lieut. Leopold B. Preuss, company E, promoted to Captain, 4th Cavatry Regiment Kentucky Volunteers, Jan 9, 1862, vice Henry A. Schaeffer, out of service.

Commissions issued February 9, 1,63. Assistant Surgeon Hawkins Brown, pro

moted to Surgeon, 1st Cavalry Regiment Kentucky Volunteers, Dec. 27, 1862, vice John A. Brady, resigned.

Andrew A. Campbell, commissioned Assist Volunteers, December 27, 1862, vice Hawkins

By order of the Governor:

JOHN W. FINNELL,

fine, gold-headed cane as a mark of the high

NASHVILLE, Teun., Feb. 1, 1863.

GENTLEMEN: Without acquaintance permine to write a word or two for your paper of give the real sontiment and feeling of the In the beginning of this outrageous war of e the training of the following war of the the training of the training was a second of the training of training of the training of tra

the thorernment we East Tennesser boys were at home among our own native hill. The politichars were busy at their dirty work of poisoning the public mind by all manner of talsehood in retreene to the policy of the furcoming Administration: that it was the intention of the President and his friends to abolish slavery by placement, first in the District of Columbia, next in the Territories, and finally in the States where it existed. This the Union men stoatly denied. We sill lought the questions of secession with the bellef that the President and his California would attempt no such men stoatty denied. We she found to the question of secession with the belief that the President and his Cabinet would attempt no such measures as were imputed to them. At that time we helleve the President did not entertain such notions. In fact every assurance was given us that such was not and would not be his policy. Even the Congress passed resolutions which were the embodiment of our views on that subject. The President having given us satisfactory assurance, and the Congress having passed a solema resolution in accordance with our views, our layar people, after waiting a while for the Government to come to their relief, having elected three Congressmen by overwhelming majorities to represent them he the Federal Congress, two of whom were captured in attempting to get to Wushington; and fearing that the Government would be too long bringing the proposed relief; they begen in August, 1861, to hint their way in little squads through the mountain passes into the Federal lines, where as hast as they arrived they took up their guns and joined the service. In this way we can

gave to them, an unlinpuired CONSTITUTION.

To the Editors of the Louisville Journal:

ion with great pleasure:

as hast as they arrived they wook up their guns and joined the service. In this way we can now muster a little army of some twelve to diffeen thousand men of in for the war. When we began forming these regiments we denied the imputation that we were fighting for the abolition of slavery; we claimed to be bighting for the Union and the Constitution of t

tion as our athers had them. At that me that sentiment was the essence of loyaly. The only question propounded to as was, were we for or against the government? Our eply was, we will be for the government.

We were under these declarations declared loyal men, taken into the service, arms placed in our hands, and we were assigned to duty. By our firm adherence to the cause, our unjudding firmness and endurence, throughout the compaign around Flat Lick, Pine Knot, Big Creek Gap, Wallace's Oross Roads, Cumberland Gap, Pine Monatair, and the untold sufferings and hardships of the retreat through the repulation part of Kentucky from the Gap to afferings and hardships of the refreat throng the rebel part of Kentucky from the Gap Greenupsburg and to the Kunawha Valle, and finally at Stone's River, near Martice boro, our men have proved their devotion the principles upon which they set out is get. They have proved their loyalty a forting to the original test levand controvers ing to the original test leyond controvers but now it is said a new test is to be applied considerable delay in the recption of a large a man should not only be in favor of the go

era dissented from the sentiment impute e South Carolinhas, and what was that nave not the document before me, but he sub-stantially states that he had free and easy in-ercourse with her people, and one general coling seemed to pervade the whole popula-

ese colonies from England, listen to the the great questions over and over again with they form of government has preference to that of Lincoln. Hence, also, the expression consined in a Richmond paper of late date, that hey would submit to French vassalage, English despotism, ab, even Russian seridom, in eference to the government of the Yankees nese, and similar expressions, often used by

We know what we are fighting for, and can

appreciate the contest. We fight for the great principle in government which sever equal rights to all mea; that principle which allows each white man to feel that he is the

allows each white man to feel that he lis the proud equal of any other, though he must not have a change of raiment, yet if he is an hourst min he can walk abroad in the sunlight of heaven, and if he meet he wealthiest man of the lawl in his gilt coach, yet he can look him in the eye, put his hund apon his heart and say, "Sir, I am your equal." This, also heart and say, "Sir, I am your equal." This, also heart and say, "Sir, I am your equal."

Il submit to negro domination? Let them y us! Think you we can agree for the neo to be sent to scatter fire and sword around

erhaps fall behind to be captured. Buries, when it comes to arming the slave, we re

ian who loves his race in the

Rosecrans, the key to Nashville, and the great army of the Cumberland (Clarksville). A command which any major-general might be proud to have, lie has never been "zur-prised," nor failed in an expedition which he planned—and yet he is still only a Colonel.

Col. Bruce is some forty years old, a grad-nate of Transylvania University, a ripe and well-read scholar a thorough man of busiheir speakers and writers, are for the purpose of preparing the minds of the people for the eal despotism which they propose to put upon hem in the event of a successful Issue of the ver. Our hoys from East Tennessee could well-read scholar, a thorough man of business—calm, firm, and considerate, as well as ust and humane. While he will extirpate not agree and cannot now agree to lose free government without one grand struggle for its preservation. They too vividly reatember the glorious lesson which their grandsires taught the South Carolina tories at King's Mountain, rebellion, he will never sympathize with abo-litionism, but planting himself on the Con-stitution and standing under our lummortal national flag, he will be prepared to do his whole duty, in peace or wat: y yield up the fruit of their labor without a ruggle. Tho real issue, then as we all regard, is between republican government and a GREEN RIVER. On this question, occupying a middle ground

INQUEST No. 78—Held February 10th, at the house of George Baurit, on Market street hetween Hancock and Clay, on the body of Curtis Baurit, aged 60 years. Verdict—"Came to his death at two o'clock P. M., at the drug store, corner of Market and Shelby streets, of apoplexy."

J. C. Gill, Coroner.

helore he had entirely recovered he was or-dered to take command at Bowling Green. The distinguished services rendered by Col. Bruce in command of that great military po-

ition are too recent to need repetition in this

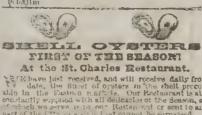
On this question, occupying a raiddle ground between the lordly monarchists of the South, the grandchildren of the tories of '76, and the functional abolitionists of the North, both of whom seem to be equally unmindful of the Constitution, we have taken our stand under the old flag which protected us and our fathers through the better days of the Republic; and the old flag which provides the Republic and the old flag which provides the result of the Republic and the old flag which provides the result of th through the better days of the Republic; and, standing thus with arms In band, we say, first down with the rebel, and next we say, down with all men who forget their obligation to support and maintain that sacred churt of our liberty, the Constitution. No, sir, we do not lay down our arms; for, if we do, the despotism is established over our children, our wives, our aged fathers, whom we have not seen for long, weary months, and to whom we prountsed, when leaving, that we would bring back the old flag. No, sir, we cannot lay down arms and let the rebel government write our history and hand as down as traitors to our section. No, never. Let us die, all die, no-hir, but die freemen. 504 Fourth street, Louisville, Ky.

Have in Stock-white and colored illusions; white and colored tarlatans, mirings and delaines; THIBET SHAWLS; Y ALGRO JEANS;
TS AND CHINTZES;
COIDERIES AND LACKS;
C'S KID GLOVES, a lorge supply;
'K AND WHITE PLAIDS;
'K AND WHITE PLAID SHAWLS;

MOORE'SDELKBRATED

PLAIN CHINTZES, 6H rolors; FIGUREL JACONELS AND LAWNS.

in bales in store and for sale by S. B. McGILL, 307 Green street.



CAME PRESENTATION.—In the Kentucky Schtte, on the 4th last. Just before the adjourntent, Senator Prall, as the organ of his feltwo Senators, presented Mr. Speaker Fisk with regard in which he was held, as their presiding officer, by the members of the Senate of Kentucky.

THE VOICE OF LOYAL TENNESSEE.

unded it to us. Let the abolitionists in Congress take warn-Ankansas Post, Jaa. 4, 1863. I again seat myself to give you an account some of the events that have transpired sin I hat wrote from Milliken's. We left Mill ken's Bend on the 4th, and steamed up to the 7th and laid up for one day. I will he state that the forces are commanded by General Wellamand Can Sharman commanded g by the history of England during our Rev-lution. They did employ the savage and icy lost the Colonies. But natorinnetely the cracy abolitionists want the Union disembered. They are as rangent dismions as the rebels, and hence it is that I deshed concernative element in the ranks, for one they can effect something for the good their country. There is enough of as to bip both the dismion parties. eral McClernand, Gen. Sherman commandi the other. Our brigade (Burbridges) is in t division under him, which is gratity to me, having served under him at the Or Yes, sir, before this thing is settled, the great asservative heart of the nation will have to e aroused to action, and when aroused, we have the power to save the country by pre-erving the Consiltation, which is the only ng. I saw our friend Dr. Stevenson, Sun geon of Col. Lindsay's regiment, on the St inst., for the first time sluce we left the Gaj Thia, Messrs. Editors, is our plan; these are the ls not looking very well-appeared as in he was much overworked noble soul! Or the 9th we moved up White Diver, and through the cut-off in the Arkanssa River, thence up up it some twenty or thirty miles, to within three miles of the Post. The troops laaded the next morning, and were drawn up in line of bette in readings to move on the decomption. the sentiments of people who have risked everything near and dear to them in order to preserve for their children what their fathers We publish the following communicaf battle, in readiness to move on the doom of battle, in readiness to move on the doome place. About 11 o'clock A. M., our advance under then. Strart (I think) entered the fire line of the rifle pits—the rebels falling back the second line, which was soon after occupie I ask the privilege to say in your columns a worder two of a loyal, brave, and unamhitions man, who has done much service to the State and country within the last two years, and hy our troops, one or two of our men beir wounded by shells from the fort. Our troo continued to advance through a low, den and, with the gunboats, opened fire upon the fort; their compliments were appropriate-ly returned. This was kept up for two the State Gnard, as is ovinced by the fact that several of his subaltern officers have been called to the command of regiments in the field, and over 30 of his sergeants and privates commissioned as officers in various volunteer regiments in active service. He soon became aware of the treasonable intentions of Gen. Buckner and Col. Hanson, and denounced them publicly as traitors. I will not assert that he was "withful found among the faithless-faithful ty returned. Anns was kept up for two hones. Many shots and shells whistled in very anpleasant proximity to us. The cannonading after night formed a truly grand and sublimo spectacle. First came the flash and then the deep thunder of the big guns We could plainly see the shells hursting ove the fort. The artillery gradually ceased, an we wearied mortals wrapped ourselves in or blankets and snored away the balance of the night as best we could. The next morning was occupied in arranging our regiments and planting our batteries; our lines gradinally encompasing the fort. At ten minutes to one o'clock P. M., the ganboats opened the bail, followed instantly by the land batteries, when shot and shelf were literally poured lato the enemy's works, as well as through the bashes that partially covered our forces. Now the rattle of musketay is heard, the infantry are moving, it is terrible. Gen. Burbridge's brigade was exposed to the lottest of the fire, but on they went, breasting the leaden and from storm, now reflue, then wavering, and once or twice giving way, but only to return with frosh vigor night as best we could. The next morning qually loyal when the time of trial came, and At the instance of prominent Union men, who hold a meeting at Louisville, he undertook, as Volunteer Inspector General, to organise the Union men of Northern and Central Kentucky, and prepage as well as arm hem, for the dreadful conflict, then of doubt-ul issue in our State. Under his command the brave Chasseurs, without pay or rations, not only guarded the Covington and Lexington Rullroad in the spring and summer of 1881, but protected the arms brought to the State by Lieutenant (afterwards General) Nelson in their transit through Lexington to Camp Dick Robinson, when Morgan's company but assembly and arms the property of the second of t lug, then wavering, and once or twice givler wav, but only to return with fresh vigor and more determined contage to the contest; and well they might, for the Genera was everywhere, riding up and down the lines, exhorting, pleading, and by his example arging them to stand firm, and return boddly to the charge. I can now understand how Napoleoa haspired his men to deeds of noble daring. The General was leaded everywhere he was needed; now with his cupture them.

He was umong the first if not the very first military man in the State who repaired to Camp Dick Robinson and aided Gen. Nelson camp Dick Roomson and atted Gen. Nelson in raising, organizing, and drilling the three lirst regiments there assembled—viz: Brumlette's, Fry's, and Garrard's.

So valuable were his services then and there rendered, and so highly was he appreciated as a soldier and citizen, that the officers, including Gen. Nelson, manimously recommended him for the officer of Brigadies (Japane). A for

then. Each, appreciating the services and five feet of the muzzle of the inrgest piece, it is any aptitude of Col. Brace, added two regarded to bis command (the lat and 2d Kentucky) as soon as they arrived at Louisville, and that brigade was commanded by him till and two others the next day, swells the number of the sound should be soon as they arrived at Louisville, and two others the next day, swells the number of the sound should be successed by the sound two others the next day, swells the number of the sound five feet of the muzzle of the inrgest piece, added two regiments and prices. The sound five feet of the inrgest piece, added two regiments are successed by the sound five feet of the inrgest piece, added two regiments are successed by the sound five feet of the inrgest piece, added two regiments are successed by the sound five feet of the inreget piece, added two regiments are successed by the sound five feet of the inreget piece, added two regiments are successed by the sound five feet of the inreget piece, added two regiments are successed by the sound five feet of the inreget piece, added two regiments are successed by the sound five feet of the inreget piece, added two regiments are successed by the sound five feet of the inreget piece, added the successed by the sound five feet of the inreget piece, added two regiments are successed by the succes

killed and lay in heaps; one had twelve dear One of our shells burst in one of their calssons, and killed nearly all the gunners at two guns and eleven horses. They had any amount of provisions and forage in the fort.

Your son, affectionately, E. H. PARRISH, Ju

CASUALTIES IN THE SIXIN (REBEL) KY REUIMENT .- We have in our possession a report from Adjutant Samuel H. Buchanan, c the easualtles in the 6th (rebel) Kentucky regiment in the battles near Murireeshoro, of which the following is a copy:

Adjutant's Offics, Sixth Ky. Ren. C. S. A. Tullanosa, Tune, Jan. 18, 1865.

Copt. C. B. McClasky, commanding.
opt. C. B. McClasky, commanding.
opt. C. B. Hughes,
P. Masshull, wounded slightly.
V. Fryar,
Byars,
U. Sundand, wounded slightly.
Sundand, wounded slightly.
Sundand, wounded slightly.
Sundand, S

Capt. D. R. McKlidres, commanding. Capt. D. E. Mcklidres, dangerously wounded. Sergeant S. T. Maylleld, wounded stabilly. Corporal W. Dickroson, A. O. Alps, wounded dangerously. T. Bell, Sr., wounded sexurely. T. Bell, Sr., wounded sexurely.

. T. Pheley, . T. Ptather, wounded and missing.

derson, missing. I Major M. E. Hacker, wounded sligbils

d.

Campbell, commissioned Assist
St Cavalry Regiment Kentucky
steember 27, 1862, vice Hawkins
ded.

Line Governor:

JOHN W. FINNELL,

Adjufant General Ky. Vols.

Adjufan

OFFICIAL.

LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES, Presed at the Third Session of the Thirty-ses

[Public—No. 12.]
An Act making appropriations for the payment of invalid and other pensions of the United States for the year ending the thirtieth of the public states of the public states. tieth of Juae, eighteen hundred and sixty four.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be and the same are hereby approprinted, ont of any money in the Treasary not otherwise appropriated, for the payment of pensions for the year-ending thirtieth of June, eighteen lundred and sixty-four:

For army involid pensions under various acts, three million dollars.

For pensions to Revolutionary soldiers, and the whlows of those who served in the Revo-

For pensions to Revolutionary soliters, and the whlows of those who served in the Revo-lutionary war, under acts of eighteenth March, eighteen hundred and eighteen, fifteenth May, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, and sev-enth June, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, the third section of the act of fourth July, eighteen bundred and thirty-six, the acts of seventh July, eighteen hundred and thirty-

eighteea bundred and thirty-six, tho acts of seveath July, eighteen hundred and thirty-tight, third March, eighteen hundred and forty-tight, third March, eighteen hundred and forty-turn, sevend Pebruary and twenty-nluth July, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, and second section act of third February, eighteen hundred and fifty-three, two hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

For pensions to widows and orphans, under first section act fourth July, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, act of twenty-first July, eighteen hundred and third February, eighteen hundred and fifty-eight, and act fourteenth July, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, three milliou eight hundred industry and skyty-two, three milliou eight hundred industry industry three milliou eight hundred industry dollars.

undred and slxty-two, three million eight hundred thousand dollars.
For navy invalid pensions, one hundred and thirty-fivo thousand dollars.
For navy pensions to widows and orphans, ander act of the eleventh of August, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, and fourteenth of July eighteen innufred and slxty-two, five hundred thousand dollars.
For rely there invalid tensions, three hun-

hundred thousand dollars.

For privateer invalid pensions, three hundred dollars: Provided, That no pension shall be paid under this act to any person who has been engaged in the present rebellion ngainst the Government of the United States, or has in any way given aid and comfort to those engaged in the robellion.

Approved, February 3, 1863.

PUBLIC RESOLUTION-No. 6.] Public Resolution—No. 6.]
Joint Resolution tendering the thanks of Congress to Commander John L. Worden, of the United States Navy.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, Tbut in pursuance of the recommendation of the President of the United States, and to enable him to advance Commander John L. Worden one grade, in pursuance of the ninth section of the act of Congress of the sixteenth July, eighteen impered and sixty-two, that the thanks of Congress be and they are hereby tendered to Compress be and they are hereby tendered to Comgress be und they are hereby tendered to to mander John i. Worden for highly diguished conduct in conflict with the energians. he remurkable battle between the Ustates iron-clad steamer "Monitor," under Ommand, and the robel fron-clad frigate Merrimae," in March, eighteen handred and

Approved, February 3, 1863. [Correspondence of the Louisville Journal.] THE VIOTORY AT FORT DONELSON. On Board Steamer St. Pathick, Nashville, Feb. 7, 1863.

As was reported several days before we left Louisville, a rebel force, under Forrest and others, has been lurking about, auxions and

others, has been thraing about, auxions and determined, if possible, to destroy this fleet, which they knew would ascend the Cumberland about this time.

To accomplish this, their first object was to obtain possession of some strong position on the river. Fort Doneison was selected, and they were ordered to take it at all hazards. The garrison was small consisting of one recombined to the constitution of the consisting of the constitution of the cons The garrison was small, consisting of one regiment, the 83d illinois volunteers, numbering about 700 meu and four pieces of artillery. out 11 o clock, the 4th inst., planted thei tillory in a semi-circle, and commenced the ack. They were received by the merring aim of the 83d, causing great loss, while they repulsed them on every side. Bold and daring were many of these moves, but this gallant regiment faltered not, and continued to pour

heir deadly fire among them.

Terrible and desperate was the conflict wit hese overwhelming numbers; they completel arrounded our force, and seemed to threate daunted courage of the officers and men cool proved to them that they had a desperate and determined force before them. Several times just when they thought they were about to botain the prize, our men would no not a botain the prize, our men would no not at them, pouring such a raking fire into their harging columns as to completely bewilder and rout them with great slaughter.

One little incident will show what the rebela aspected. Having exhibited such a large force,

completely surrounded our men, they noped to capture and decide the conquest.

As the rebels advanced they yelled out.
'You fools, don't you know when to surrenpoint did not appreciate this admouition, but ust then bang went the old gun, blowing sommer of rebels and horses into atoms, repulsing the charge and saving the point again saw the men and horses, who were about

teen feet from the gun when it went off The light commenced about il o'clock, and continued nutil about 5 o'clock. At its commencement our men withdrew from the fort to the lown of Dover, about half a mile from i had breastworks thrown up and the building to shield them from the position in which the formed themselves. About 5 o'clock Gen. For formed themselves. About 50 clock Gen. Forrest sent in a flag of truce, demanding a surrender, saying that they had fought gallantly, killed many of his men, iu fact had
covered themselves all over with glory,
but that he had not then one-half his
force and his orders were to take the place
at all he garder, that against such overwholm. at all hazards; that aguinst such overwhelming odds it would only be folly to endanger the lives of his men by holding out any longer. one-fourth of his meu, and they were all any-ions to continue the light, and he had uo dis-position to stop them. If that was the mes-senger's husiness, he could return to Gen. For-rest and Inform him he could renew the fight as soon as he chose-he was ready and anx

Concluding that discretion was the better preparatory to camping for the night, probably to renew the attack in the morning; hu by to renew the attack in the morning; but at this juncture of affairs, the gunboats came up and opened fire on them, causing confusion in their ranks, and bringing vividly to their minds the terrible execution of these monsters at Pittsburg Landing. As our fleet came up the gunboats were throwing an occasional shell into the woods after them in their hasty retreat. Words are inadequate to express the retreat. Words are inadequate to express the glorious conduct of the officers and men of the 83d lilinois. The loss of the 83d was 14 killed and 30 wounded, while that of the rebels fabulous, 286 of their killed having been found, among whom were three Colonels, 80 taken prisouers, and large numbers wounded, showing the unparalleled fact that the killed, wounded, and prisoners of the rebels amount to more than the whole Federal force engaged. In conclusion, I say, all honor to Col. Harding and his brease upon composing the 83d ing and his brave men, composing the 83 illinois regiment. They deserve and will re-

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104 dozen Horring trup in glass;

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205 blis super Dri-d Beef;

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LOUISVILLE JOURNAL

CENTICE, HENDERSON, & OSBORNE TERMS OF ADVERTISING.
ONE SQUAGE, TEN LINES AGATE OF LESS, DAILY:

GEO. D. PRENTICE, Beditore.
PAUL R. SHIPMAN, Beditore.
OLIVER LECAS, Lucal Editor & Reporter

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1863. The letter of our patriotic and eloquen

respondent "Brutus" will be read with in est and delight. We publish elsewhere the protest re rted by Mr. Wolfe on behalf of the Federal omnittee in the House. Tho paper is a ound as a nut. Every true an'd dispassions

atriot will indorse every word of it. THE VOICE OF LOYAL TENNESSEE .- Th oyal men of Kentucky will read with unu aal pleasure the admirable letter from a loys ennesseean which we publish this morning The author is a citizen of East Tennessee an prominent officer in the army of the Union

Wo have received several ablo com unications recommendatory of as many orthy gentlemen for the office of Governo f Kentucky. lu obedience to a rule whic ve prescribed to ourselves long ago, the wislom of which experience has settled, we mus lecline to publish these communications ar all other like ones. At the proper time, as n some one of the usual modes, the loyal me of Kentucky will of course select candidat or the several State offices, and the discuss catter the seeds of discord and of weakness sesides, we know full well, that, if we one pened our columns to a discussion of this ort, we should ere long have room for very ittle else. We are constrained, therefore, to lose our columns to the discussion.

The llouse of Representatives at Frankort, as our readers will have seen, has adopted esolutions proposing a conference of Legisla ures. No doubt the Senate will concur in this action of the House. There is, however, a minor feature of the action which we hope ooth will agreed to amend.

We notice that the time appointed by the louse for the conference is the 16th of March. This is doubtless soon enough for many imsionists and of the abolitionists, that the loyal men of Kentucky and the Democrats or conservatives of the North are really one in spirit and in resolution. The moral effect of this demonstration would be everywhere grea and salutary. And the loyal men of Kentucky need it uow. The Northern conserva tives need it. The country needs it.

But the 16th of March is upwards of a month distant; and the probability is that before then each Legislature will have acted independ ently in this particular, and the peculiar advantage in question will be lost. Undoubtedly the protest of each conservative Legislature, if made independently, will be essentially the same; but, with the secessionists and the abolitionists both lying eagerly in wait for whatever may serve to give the laintest color of plansibility to the common charge or clain that the Democrats are the allies of the seces. sionists, the matter, as it seems to us, is too important to be surrendered in any measure to chance. It is a point of quite too much consequence not to be brought on the tapis, if we are to confer at all.

On this account we regret that the resolutions of the llouse deler all conference until a day so distant. It appears to us that it would be better to fix an earlier day for the confer ence, and, after the deliberations then perti uent shall be closed, let the commissioners ad ourn to such time, or subject to such call, a they may think proper. In our judgment, the communication between the conservative Legislatures, whenever it may be established, should not end with a single conference, but should continue, by repeated conferences or by correspondence or by an interchange o conference and correspondence, as long as the present emergency lasts. We shall need to act together with perfect harmony, and, to that end, we shall need to confer together

In the intercepted correspondence be ween the Southern Confederacy and its European emissaries, great stress was laid upon the evident efforts of French cousuls in Texas to induce that State to separate from the Confederacy and place itself under the protection of France. The intrigues of these functionaries caused their expulsion, but the Richmond Dispatch does not believe that Louis Napoleon knew anything of their schemes, for, if he did, and was implicated, it asks if in the whole catalogue of crimes there is any blacker than that, or any occurrence to match it in the whole history of human treachery. Though the Dispatch regards the Emperor as a very dear friend and sympathizer with the rebel cause, it still reiterates its conviction of the impropriety of keeping ambassadors and commissioners at the French court, and this conviction is strengthened beyond measure by the revelations from Texas so that it demands that all the foreign consuls should have their exequaturs annulled, as to recognize their authority is to acknowledge subjection to "old Abe Lincoln," and they should not be permitted to remain in Dixie to plot at leisure for its destruction. We think the Dispatch has found a very extensive mare's nest in this Texas business, but still there are many and very strong reasons why the United States Government should watch with great vigilance the movements of France on our Southwestern border. Her expeditionary army to Mexico has been largely increased and it seems evident that she will make the effort to swell it to one hundred thousand men, and the proximity of such an unusual force to the rebels of Texas, with the undoubted anxiety of French officials there to feel the public pulse and see how it beats toward retrocession should awaken the most serious apprehensions, while Louis Napoleon tells us that his schemes of intervention are delayed and not given up. It has been laid down as our rule of policy that the American continent is for the exclusive use of the American race and that no European power can intertere in its destinies. But France, always a wily intriguer, has the Mexican clergy iu its web, and the New Year's blessing of the Pope to the Emperor, his family, the Prince Imperial, and the whole French nation, as the defenders of his temporal power. is not without grave significance under these ireumstances. The cotton-spinning interest suffers nearly as grievously in France as in England from the rebellion, and public relief as been asked for the operatives of the former ry, until peace or our Union can be retored. This is artfully contrived to make mediation or intervention popular as a novement in the interests of the needy working men, while the stubborn policy of the Em-

eror in upholding the Pope in his pretensions

ng of Rome may be re-

will in the mean time have acquired such a foothold on this continent that it will be very lifficult to eject him, and, indeed, impossible while he has the aid and comfort of the rebels n their present attitude of insurrection. We are, therefore, inclined to believe that a vigilant supervisiun over the movements of Franco iu Mexico is of paramount importance, and, while we have one eye on her actions in the Southwest, it will do us no harm to keep the other on the operations of our dear friend and ally, Great Britain, on the North. We are per fectly willing to renew our assurances of dis tinguished cunsideration to both, but still they will bear watching while our country is in its

onbridge says to Salisbury, we can say to hese impertinent intermeddlers:

resent distracted condition. Let us once set-

le our domestic difficulties, and then, as Fal-

If thou but frown on me, or stir thy fool, Or teach thy hasty spleen to do me shame, I'll strike thee dead. The act authorizing the President nroll twenty thousand additional volunteer. for our State has finally passed the llouse of Representatives, but the debate upon it wa characterized by the usual misapprehension and impertinent insinuations from the ultra Republicans. Mr. Stevens, who has well been alled the Mephistopheles of the House, obected to granting to Gov. Robinson the seection of the officers to command the new egiments, because he had in his recent message denounced the President's Emancipation roclamation as unconstitutional, and Mr Dawes of Massachusetts very gravety inquired whether there might not be another Bucknet n Kentucky, who would transfer the men and heir equipments to the rebel army! Kenucky scorns such imputations; she has no oncealments, her course has been open hough surrounded by trials, and she can safesay that she is ready to

Wear her heart upon her sleeve For Daice to peck at. It really appears as if the position of Ken ucky was assailed and falsified intentionally and all her sacrifices are overlooked and al er patriotie devotion to the Union disregarded. f the members of the present Congress had reflected for one moment upon the character and fate of one of their late colleagues, James . Jackson, they would have recognized in im a true specimen of the loyalty, chivalry and devotedness of Kentucky. He left home rivate ease, a brilliant future in public life nd high political preferment, for the active ield, and "the flinty couch of war;" he gave his life to the cause of the Union, and no State in the Union could offer a greater sacrifice fu its preservation than Kentucky when she los her nuble, devoted, and much-mourned son. Had a thought recalled him to the reckles. slanderers of his beloved Commonwealth the recollection would have pleaded "like angels trumpet-tongued against the deep damuation of such baso assaults upon the integrity o a true and tried patriot like James F. Robinson such malicious sneers because our State had raised a craven like Buckner, and such detest able implications as covered with the infam they were pleading to be allowed to add twen ty thousand more volunteers to the more than fifty thousand she has now in the field battling for the Union and defending the Government in its hour of extreme need. But ou State did not lack champions upon the floor of the House of Representatives, and Wads worth, Yeaman, Mallory, Wickliffe, and Griler replied most spiritedly and pointedly t her assailants, and the effect of their vindica tion was shown in the ordering of the previous question by a vote of 77 to 15 against the re monstrances of Lovejoy, of Illinois, the refusa to recommit the bill 93 to 25, and its passage

not their spite and rancor against Kentucky The Richmond Dispatch continues to ccupy the must ultra grounds. It says the only road to reconstruction is over the dead ody of every man, woman, and child in the Confederacy, and its only terms of peaco are to be let alone. It argues by supposing that 'two men engaged in partnership fall out and one of them, after violating every article of the agreement of partnership, destroys the property of the other, burns his house over is head, butchers his wife and children, and hen asks the other to renew their old partnership and go in business again, as if nothing had happened. This is a faint image," the Dispatch continues, "of what the Northern econstructionists ask of the South. If we could agree to it, our folly would be only qualled by their villainy." The Richmond aper does not stato the case fairly, and we can raw a supposition which will come much nearer to the truth. Suppose two men engaged n partnership, with business arrangements exended to different countries, where they have nvested largely in real estate, and accumu lated personal property. One of them suborn an agent to remove all the valuables to a dis tant location, and then makes forcible entry upon portions of the common property, hold them for his separate use, refuses his partne any access, and, instead of sending forward consignments, wantonly burns and destroy the products in which they formerly traded The remonstrances of the wronged partner are unheeded, though be is willing to forge the past, and "go in business again as if nothng had happened," but the substance of the rm is squandered recklessly, and the aggres or assumes an air of injured innocence and leclares that he has been grievously wronged and that the efforts of his partner to make ro

without a division of the llouse, showing that

the abolitionists had exhausted themselves, if

The Cincinnati Enquirer publishes communication scolding us fiercely for our rebuke of the late rebel meeting at Fraukfort We might have expected as much.

Richmond Dispatch.

clamation are outrages upon personal right

and subversive of the laws of the land. Ridic

ulous as such declarations would be, they

would be no more so than the argument of the

This boautiful tribute to the lost brav nust have been in our office for some months We do not know how it came to be overlooked We regret the delay in its publication:

[For the Louisville Journal.] IN MEMORIAM. "At Lebanov, Ky., of typhold fever, Elettelas Kelly, First Lloulemant of Company F, 4th K Kentneky regament, son of Thomas Kelly, of t place, in the 22d vear of his age. His remains w brought home and interred in the Pariscemetery." "Unshaken, unseiluced, unterrified, His loyalty he kept.

Peace! let the ritum! be read, For the swent burial of the dead A marlyr to the cause of truth, He felt in his unsullied youth; His youth and hope at summer tide Yet for his country's life he died. Fearless, and girded for the light, Ho stood undaunted for the right.

Bring holly-herries, like blood-drops rad With ivy-leaves to crown his head For never hero's heart shall yield Its life-blood on the battle-field With heaver reverence for linth. Than crowned his consecrated youth. His prond, free boyhood-offering grand, Laid on the altar of our land!

Ilis loyal beart beat true and warm, When first he heard the gathering storm The gathering slorm of wrong and hate, To wreck our gailant ship of State And straight his pure young life was thrown A stainless offering, to atono For shameless slight of jundmarks true

Where floats our hanner broad and bright Ho yielded up his patriol-breath, Pierced by the silent archer, Death. War's "pomp and circumstance" grew dim The cross of Christ was light to him, As loyally for right and truth,

O, soldiers, with your measured tread Bear to his rest our beuried deal. Kentucky! never nobler dust Was given to thee in sacred trust. Thou ne'er had'st writhed from Iraitor's b Thy star of fame bad ne'r grown dim:

Boung holly berries, like blood dr This For never here's heart shall vish! llis life-blood on the buttle-field With braver reverence for truth

Napoleon will be prepared to pluck it, and he | To the Editors of the Louisville Journal: WHO ARE LOYAL?

New Your, Feb. 3, 1863. A great deal, to-day, is said about LOYALTY. It is indeed timely that we should weigh the word! Well may it be for us to glance back uver the progress which Freedom has made, born, as she is, of ideas as old as the Greek Cummonwealths and Grecian song. The classic Grecian poem has the right ring

the classic Greenin poem has the right of the the third it swells its peals:

"This lettractiberty, when free-born men, Having to advise the public, may speak theo, which he who can, and will, deserves high praise what can be juster in a State than this?" Or, prosaically rendered-no man who co speak in the cause of freedom, may, as a good citizen, escope the duty. Said Madame (himother) to the elder Cyrus: "Justice is n the same thing in Media as in Yersia; f here your grandfather has rendered hums naster of everything, while in Persia Just onsists in equality. Your father obeys aws like the other citizens; he even receives from them; for not his own will, but ow, is the rule of his actions." Humunicarly found that it had proof enough of trailty of men; and so it set about the creati frailty of men; and so it set about the creation of laws abstracted, as much as might be, from mortal infirmity. As the magistrate wasse above the law, so the law was set above the magistrate. In one of the tragedies of Euripides a character species these words: "I rule not my people by tyranny, as if they were barbarians; but am myself liable, if I do un justly, to suffer justly." The Emperor Trajar

justly, to suffer justly. The Emperor Trajusaid: 'Take this drawn sword, to use for me if I reign well; if not, to use against me. The younger Theodosius caused it to be enacted: 'On the authority of the law the acted: "On the authority of the law tauthority of a Prince depends;" this is cardinal article in the Justinian code. Ar totle* wrote (apropos of the "higher law" "Mouarchy, unaccountable, is the wo sort of tyranny, and least of all to endured by free-born men." To advanwith those ideas, let me quote the language James (in 1609) made in Parliauen!: "Thing binds himself by a double oath to the servance of the fundamental laws of his kindom. Tractly, as by being a king, and bound to protect the laws, and expressly his oath at coronation; so as every just kin bound to protect the laws, and expressing of his oath at coronation; so as every just king, in a settled kingdom, is buund to observe that paction made to his people, by his laws, in framing his government agreeably thereunto. Therefore a king, governing in a settled kingdom, degenerates into a tyrant as soon as he leaves off to rulo according to his laws.' And again: "All kings that are not tyrants or perjured, will be glad to bound themselves within the limits of their laws. And they that persuade them to the control are vipers and posts both against them and to Commonwealth.' If Governors may refuse

bloc tenure of the mere grace and mercy of a mortall None but the besotted or Court parasites maintain this!"†

So, even in the dim dawn of Freedom, these prints appear of the rosy-footed Aurora. Who, theu, at this day, can otherwise truly define loyalty than as, obedience to the Comact, the legal compact, the Constitution an aws under which we live;—that sort of obe ience which draws after it as well the dut protection by the subject of the sacre-larter, even by the sacrilice of his life, if need, as also that sort of compliance therein whose prompt and solemn acquiescence alone it is, which distinguishes Liberty from License. This is the holy obligation whence spring revolutions acceptable to Heaven. On this account when blood flows until the sod is soaked with the precious tide, it is, that the holy angels and the martyred ones, and the descend-

give account, it is plain that all covena with them are vain. "Regal accountabil

with them are vain. "Regal accountability to God only holds men's lives and estates be

ts of such marlys, call the offering an a eptable sacrifice. And now, are we to learn the blood-recorded asson that the legacy of free institutions in lesson that the legacy of free institutions imposes even a graver responsibility upon those who are called to perpetuate them, that was discharged by the illustrious immortals who achieved them? Are we, of this century and of this land, yet to have graven on our hearts that which is the life-current of patriotism? Among the many cherished American maxims tho most familiar are: "Eternal vigilance is the price of liberty." "The world is governed too much." "Power is conworld is governed too much." "Power is con antly stealing from the many to the few."
Error is harmless, il' truth be lelt tree to com
at it." And (in what I chuose to style are equally commendable, nay they impuse the same obligation on the citizen as in a pe-riod of profoundest peace. Yes, even in greater force do they apply to a belligerent condition, for the reason that, in such case, the laboring ship of State the more requires the wakeful

Inspired by this devotion the people rose in tion, to avence the outrage upon Sumpter. Inspired by this devotion the loyal hosts, in aid of the President, who, by the forms of our outraged government, was then, and yet is and to the end of his term should be obeyed and to the end of his term should be obeyed and respected as the Commander-in-Clief, poured forth their money and oliered their persons, animated by a passion as sublime as the annals of Time record. And let me fairly ask is it because of this noble frenzy that they have, therefore, lost their liberties? Have they herefore, created a military despotism' ljudicated conditions of the Federal and ate governments become suddenly obliter The very proposition of a deduction so mon stroug horrifics the senses.

And yet look at what is now transpiring in On a mere question of policy and of lega construction, as recently appeared at the polls, a large majority of the Northern people have differed with the President; and there are those, in responsible positions, too, who stigmatize these Americans as traitors! Of lute ich tongues and pens have nut spared from this senseless vituperation even such a name as that of the venerable Editor of the National lutelligencer, whose long and useful life has been a dedication to the Constitution and the Union. What impolicy, what absurdity, what criminal folly is this! And yet it is from those who especially claim to be the truo friends of the war and of the Administration that this Pandora's how proceeds—whose only effect is Pandora's box proceeds,—whose only effect is to produce strife between loyal men, when unity is most needed—nay, when unity and the life of the nation mean one and the same thing! Even eaucuses have been held by Senators and grave statesmen, within th past few days, to organize what they call the party in this awful crisis, upon the crazy assumption that the apposition to the composition to the

ssumption that the opposition to the radical conduct of the war is an organization of the old Democratic party against the war, and against the President! Not only have such imprudent caucuses been convened, but the spiritof faction has absolutely been transferred to the Western Army! And all this on the class of the pagestive for unity! All of this plea of the necessity for unity! All of this oldly salutes our ears and eyes, when the fact is clear as the noouday sun that the opposition to an Abolition war is not politico-partican; that it admits the negro to be subject to nilitary law; that its advocates, one and all lemand war nutil the rebels shall sue for peace demand war nutil the rebels shall sue for peace, and acknowledgo the authority of the government of the United States. When the late elections were held, the Emancipation Proclamation was an open question. The President demanded, publicly, light upon lt. He held lt in abeyance; he urged its consideration upon the people everywhere; his own mind, if we are to believe his own words, was affoat about it. He had more than once doubtfully predicted that It would bring about Northern distraction. He had facetiously likened such an edict to that of the Pope's bull against the comet. He had annotneed his intention to comet. He had unnounced his intention to "break" with what he styled the Greeley "faction." Can't be possible that Mr. Liucoln i so mad as to countenance those under hin who are now striving, by mere abuse and par tisan virulence, to organize, in the vile sens of that word, a party opposition; one that shall (O, Heaven) under the name of loyalty! thus pander to the ends of such men as Gree ley, a man who even now not only encourage foreign mediatiou, but absolutely proposes to abandon the war, unless, within a few weeks, the Federal arms shall be successful; an opposition to be thus created, and scongged by the President into tools for the use of those Norther rrestacht into tools for the use of those Northern traitors who seek, through the ageucy of corruption, and the rage of bad passions, to complete and forever achieve, the meditated treason of Aaron Burr! Such men there are, now riding ou the wave of the honest conservative reaction, who would thus delude and decoy the people of the great Northwest; and such men likewise are there in all the Northern States, wherever turnult and distraction are States, wherever tumult and distraction appear, to offer the prey on which ungodly ambition feeds. Now if these agents of hell are to be strengthened, it is only in the power of the Administration and of its pretended exclusive friends to strengthen their schemes, hy assuming an attitude which shall admit (among the many deceifful, lying, needless, and danger-ous issues which have obstructed the progress of the loyal arms) the gruntlet of party defi-ance to be thrown down to all who have borne

the party name of Democrat in the past and fierce days of political strife. [I beg the privilege to continue this paper in perhaps more than one number of the Journal, to demonstrate the fact that loyalty and incero friendship for the President and for hi Administration precisely hes in arousing the public mind to the one idea of restoring the linea and of preserving the Constitution. To demonstate the truth that, without this boundary to constrain the public mind, political heterodoxy will so bevermin the land that nothing more all will be substituted in the constraint will be substituted. ing mortal will be able to save it, unless Jeliovah shall see fit to raise up a prophet for a stricken people, who have sinned against all light and knowledge, and this in the most luminous era of human privileges.] *Fourth of his Politics, chapter x. Milton's Arconvaita

A PPLES-300 hbls prime Michigan Apples kinds, just teceived on consignment in for sale by

FOR BALE, BEST QUALITY OF FITTEBURG COAL AT THE lowest market price. Also BEACH BOTTOM COAL at much lower rates by J. N. KELLOGG, Agent, sep21 disif Near the coiner of Third end Main.

ROBERT L. MAITLAND & CO., Commission Merchants AND BANKERS, 63 and 65 Beaver street and 30 Exchange P ROBERT L. MAITLAND, SEW YORK, WILLIAM WRIGHT. SAS dewisty

NOTICE.

I THIL FURTHER NOTICE, I WILL FAY SIX per cent interest on Deposits for a specified lime and onr per cent on those subject toften days' nolice of A. BLAND, Banker,

Southern Bank Notes WANTED. Tennessee,

South Carolina, Georgia,

Alabama, and Louisiana BANK NOTES A. BLAND, Banker,

WILL PAY THE HIGHEST MARKET RATE

GOLD

A. BLAND, Banker.

GREEN & GREEN, Hats, Caps, Ladies' Furs, GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS.

ESTLINEN, MUSLIN, AND WOOLLEN SHIRTS made to order in the House from measurement and Corner Main and Fourth streets, ions dist LOUISVILLE, KY,

LADIES' FURS, CHILDREN'S FURS, GENT'S FUR COLLARS, GENT'S FUR GLOVES, **BUFFALO AND GENET ROBES** At PRATHER & SMITH'S,

42D MAIN STREET MRS. S. C. DICKINSON R HEUMATISM in ell its foyms, CHRONIC IOAR RIDEA, and also many other diseases. All sheaks is a trial to convince the most skeptical of he cares. Consultation free, Office on Seventh street corner of Grayron, in Mr. Rush's house.

Wanted Immodiately, SUPERDOR WASHER AND TRUNER, also first-rate HUU'SE GIHL. Apply of the neartheader of York and Third. WANTED,-t wish to blre or purchase a good FE MALE COOK, one that can come well reconcurred. Apply to W. H. STOKES, 112 d6 509 Main at., bet Filth and Sixth

To Hire, Post the balance of the year, a BOY, 17 years of a good disting-room servant and carriage-drive Applyto [112 d3] U. B. EVARTS, Fourth at For Sale,
A LIKELY NEGHO BOY In years old. Inquire a
N. E. corner deflerson and Presion sis. 112 d4*

Strayed,

A LIGHT BAY Hollse, with heavy mane and tail, between 4 and 5 years old. \$10 will be paid for the relim of the house to our stuble corner Eleventh and Jefferson.

BROWN & CO.

derees the tumers and a carried of exchanged for good property in or near Chremn AARON F, PERRY Chremna JACKS FOR SALE OR FARMED I HAVE FOR SALE ON MY FARM, five unless east of Georgelown, in Scott connity, Ry., on the Paris turnpulke, TEN SUPERIOR JACKS FOR SALE, all dark colors, on 14 to 16 hands high, from 3 to 8 years eld. Will se sold at low prices, and on one, two, and three years redit, without interest. If not sold they will be unused in to the present eases.

Post-office address-Newtown, Scott co., Ky. Also 4th head 31 and 31 cerr old Mules and few Horses, ali good stock. 412 dl2 JOHN MCMEEKIN. WILL PAY HERE THE SEMI-ANNITAL IT TEREST due March 15, 1863, on the t'ity Bom given for the purchase of Strader's Wharfou all co

given for the purchase of Strater solven for the purchase of Strater solven from the Iuli March 1863.
HENRY WOLFOHD,
City Treasure NOTICE. PERSONS INDEBTED TO THE ESTATE of JOH FLETCHER, deceased, are requested to sett the same immediately, and all persons having claim ngainst the same will present them properly anthent

nation to everyhody having friends in the service E erybody should substribe to it. Terms Two Doller per annum. Slugle numbers 20 Cents. Address THOMAS BUSSERT, Entron,

No. 5 West Third street, Cincinuall, Ohio. JUST PUBLISHED:

THE GREAT NATIONAL SONG AND CHORUS,

The American Flag Dedicated in Gen. L. H. Rousseau.

By WILL S. HAYS, Author of "The Drummer Boy of Shiloh." Price 25c. Forwarded by mail.

223 Main sl., bet. Second and Third. WHISKY! WHISKY! 50 BBLS Pika's celebrated Magnolia Whisky; 25 libbe Bourhon Whisky, bet, I and 2 years old bible Bourhon Whisky, bet, I and 2 years old bible common feetined do in store on consignment and for sale by MITCHELL & DEAN.

112 d6 Main st., near First.

STAR CANDLES-200 boxes Star Candles In sto VIRGINIA TOBACCO 50 boxes choice Virginia Tobacco;
50 packages bright Twist, noming 18 to the 1b;
In store and for sale by tHTCHELL & DEAN,
112 d6

Main st., near First PLOUR AND LARD—
200 bbls Gny & Chrik's XX Family Flour;
300 kegs prine Leat Larl;
In store and for sale by
12 d6

MITCHELL & DEAN R 10 COFFEE-209 bugs just received by GARDNER & CO N. O. SUGAB-24 hhds prime N. O. Sugar just r ceived by [112] GARDNER & CO. FOR the behance of the present year, a likely NE GRO GRUL, a good house girl. Inquire at the City Engineer's office or of Juo. M. Vanghar, corne et Sixth and Jellerson streets.

Strayed or Stolen, From my premose, one intle soult of the city, on the 3d inst., a DARK NORRED MARE of the soult o

MATRIMONIAL.

Office Louisville and Nashville R.R. Co THE COUPANS OF THE MORTGAGE BONDS this Company due 1st January last will be paid procent attorn at this often WILLO RABNE

THE NEW ENGLAND

Insures Lives on the Mutual Principle NET ACCUMULATION exceeding \$2,000,000, and increasing, for the bennfit of members, present and future—the whole safely and advantageously ersons insured.
reatest rick taken on a life \$15,000.
as distributed among the members every fiout December 1, 1543—settled in cash or by ed out of policy.

Premiums may be paid quarterly, semi-aunually, nutually, or one half of the first five annual premiums on Life Policies loaned to the insured, if desire WILLAID PHILLIPS, President BENJAMIN F. STEVENS, Secretary.

Benjamin F. Stevens, Secretary.

The property of the Company will be furnished, and a desired information given by the Agent.

LOUISVILLE REFERENCES. Hon. W. F. Bullock, R. Burge, Esq., A. Rawson, Esq., D. P. Feulds, Esq., George Davis, Esq. J. L. DANFORTII, Agent.
Office in Nowcomb's building, northwest corn
fain and Bullitt streets; entrance on Bullitt streets

APRIL ELECTION JOS. A GILLISS is a candidate for Mayor at the suling April election.

NOTICE TO TEAMSTERS. THE I'NDERSIGNED COMMITTEE, TO WHOM was referred a resolution, on the 7th lust, directing us to report a bill of prices for hanling, respectfully inbuilt the following: g in the city.

Is hauling cost from Shelby to Twentieth
north of Msin, per load.

le hauling cost from Wenzel to Twentieth
north of Jefferson.

off cont as never a select on Monday, February 16, 1863.

PHES FON MEANS, President, JOHN O'CONNER, Secretary.

Respectfully,

JOHN HIADY,

ANDY VASSEL,

JOHN SAIBLE,

Comm

LOST-A FUR VICTORINE, Monday afternoon, Feb. 9, between the corner itth and First streets on Walnut, a FITCH VI NE. The finder will be suitably rewarded ttine. The finder will be suitably rewarded ving the same at Dr. J. M. TALBOT 8, 1 d2° 2d door from Walnut on Fifth

FRESH SEEDS. 26 barrels Clover Seed;

30 bags do do; 400 bushels Timothy Seed; 2,000 bushels Blue Grass Seed; 2,000 bushels Orchard Grass Seed; 1,000 bushels Red Top do; 200 bushels Hemp 5 bags Tennessee Cotton do;

PITKIN, WIARD, & CO.

OUARTERMASTERS' VOUCHERS WISH TO PURCHASE QUALITEH MASTERS
VOUCHERS and all valid Claims against the Gov
ernment, for which I will pay the highest price in
cash. I will also attend to the Collection of all sucl
Claims for a small percentage.

11. W. HAWES,
fp d6*
Opposite the Post-office, up stairs.

Farms for Sale. Farms for Sale.

161 acres, well improved, the acres in cultivation—excellent young orchard—12 miles from the vity of Loulsville, and one miles and a half cast of the Shepsoule Plankroul. Price reasonable; or will be anged for city proporty.

30 Evaceres on the Ohio Price, 12 miles below the on the kentucky side, 170 acres in cultivation rovements hir. Land rich. Good fruit of all Beautiful and healthy location. So acres in s. Price \$12,090, cash and time. Or the tract will wided to sult purchaser. gas. Price \$12,000, cash and time.

a divided to sult purchaser.

Also 50 acres, 7 miles from the city, near the Can
tun Plankroad. Good improvements, orchard, &

ice \$15 per acre, cash and time.

The above is desirable property. Inquire of

8. A. ATCHISON,

Licent Place

T. R. WARREN, GOVERNMENT CLAIM AGENT Washington, D.C.,

f6 d12*

BEING ASSOCIATED WITH EMINENT COURSEL (RICH D S. COXE, Esq.) prosecutes Clair WAR DEPARTMENT in its verious bureaus PATENT DO,
PENSION DO,
And also all Claims which may be brought before congress or Court of Claims for adjudication.

a Western Reserve Cheese; 201 do Hamburg do; 11d do English Dniry do; In store and for sale by

GEO. C. HINTER Main, bet. Third and Fourth s For Salo,

500 BOXES UNCHEMICALED STARCH;

see blid choice Family Flour;

Sol kess prime Leaf Lard;

Virginia Tobacco;

Kentucky do, lis, 3/8, 5/8, and 10/8;

Pure Bourhon Whisky;

Green and Black Teas.

Consignments of the above in store and for sale t

MITCHELL & DEAN,

10/96 Commission Merchants, Main st., near First.

ands high.

A liberal reward will be pald on his delivery to me ear the corner of Brook and Market streets.

S. OYLER.

NOTICE.

1 HAVE IN MY STABLE ONE GRAY HORSE, came in on the 25th day of December, which the owner can have by calling at ny stable and paying charges and proving property. If not called for within ten days will be sold for bill.

flodes DR. HARDIN HAS REMOVE AS REMOVED HIS OFFICE TO THE BUILD. I ing occupied by Dr. C. E. Dunn as a Dental office, u the west side of Second street, south of Green, flice honr from 2 to 3 P. M.

A Valuable Farm for Sale. S HENRY COUNTY, KY., ON THE NEWCASTLE and Louisville road, three miles from Newcastle o miles from Smithteld, and three miles from Emi-nce, containing about 300 acres, in good repair, all fine grass, with two sets of dwelling and out-found rence, Communing about 200 acres, in good repair, a in fine grass, with two sets of dwellings and out-built ngs on the larm. Apply to M. P. MOODY, Executor of R. B. Moody, Lity Reference—Shockency & Moody, Main st.—field in Valuable Property for Sale.

E "BRUADWAY MILLS," AT ABOUT ONE odf the cost of building such an establishment , 301t, each, w.s. 3d, hét. York nud Breckinridge 30 ft. do e. s. 4th, bet. do do; 30 ft. do e. s. 5th, bet. do do; 30 ft. do e. s. 5th, bet. do do; s. s. Broadway, bet. 7th and 8th streets. ply lo W. H. DULANV. d6° Broadway, bet. Seventh and Eighth.

Executors' Salc. Perms made known ou duy of sale.
B. I. VANCOUITT,
Indtd JAS. II. ATKINSON,
Executors.

TRABUE, DAVIS, & CO., Wholesale Dealers in Dry Goods, A RE IN RECEIPT OF A LARGE STOCK OF will be kept up by constant receipts, and buyers may rely on them for good goods throughout the season at the very lowest price.

PURE---CLEAN --- WHOLESOME

THE

Made without the use of any deleterious substance, and without the touch of human hands.

F. A. MOORE,

BETWEEN MAIN AND MARKET STS.

215 Fourth street,

AGENTS. SCHULTHESS, corner Fifth and Chestuut. A. G. PARMELE, N. W. cor, Seventh and Broadwa WM. GAULBERT, S. W. cor Seven'h and Broadwy C. H. BUSHMAN, corner First and Broadway. Mrs. MILLER, Third street, near Cleshuit H. D. MATHIS, corner First and Walnut

WEHMHOFF & WATEHMAN, cor. First and Green NEW BACUN HAMS-1,500 new Hams, sugar-cr ny own curing, in stere and for anle wholesof tetal. L. EISEN M.M. to dtl S. S. couver Main and Campball

WM. CROWE, cerner Fifth and Walnut.

INSURANCE,

Fire, Inland, and Life. HOME INSURANCE COMPANY
OP NEW YORK. \$1,500,000 METROPOLITAN INSURANCE CO.
OF NEW YORK. \$350,000

PROVIDENCE WASHINGTON INS. CO.

Net Annels

OF RHODE ISLAND. SPRINGFIELD INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MASSACHUSETIS. MASSASOIT INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MASSACHUSETTS. 8105,000 NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL LIFE INS.CO. Policies issued and iosses promptly adjusted by

J. DANFORTH, Agent.

J. DANFORTH, Agent. Office in Newcomb's building, nortwest corn Main and Bullitt streets. Entrance on Bullitt street jan 20 d3m

Desirable Residence near Lexingtor FOR SALE.

THE VALUABLE AND COMMODIOUS DWELL ing recently purchased by Gen. Flourney, of Ja Beck, Esq., alson one mile from bexington, on the icholasville Turnpike, is offered for sale. The home large, and built in modern style; attached to whice SEVENTY-THREE ACRES OF LAND. pon the piace there is a quentity of the mest of et fruit, and the grounds immediately surrous house contain beautiful shruidery and conen l and examine this place. 10 di2 MRS, T. B. FLOURNOY

GROCERIES. AROCERIES.

200 BAGS IIO COFFEE:
40 Idids fair N. O. Sugar;
10 Idids fair N. O. Sugar;
10 Idids fair N. O. Sugar;
10 Idids Choles N. O. do;
50 Idids Cranhlated do;
50 Idids Granhlated do;
50 Idids N. Y. Sirup do;
50 35do do do do;
25 kegs do do do;
25 cheetts Gnnpowder Tes;
50 Inatted boxes do do;
20 Idif cheets Blark do;
100 casks Blearh, Soda;
50 Ioxes do do, 11b p 10) casks Bicarh. Soda;
40 hoxes do do, I lb papers;
50 kegs Wheeling Nails;
10) boxes W. R. Cheess;
10) coils Manilla Rore;
50 cases Bultimore Cove Oysters;
20 do 34 and 35 hoxes Sardines;
10) loxes Layer and M. R. Raisins;
10 blis Wagon Tar;
100 backets (1 and 2 gallon) Wagon Tar;
11 sicre and to arrive. LANE & BARTLETT,
100 distant 620 Main stree

THE MEMBERS OF COMPANY G, 37TH K Vols., Locisville, Feb. 7, 1863. The MEMBERS OF COMPANY G, 37TH K Vols. are ordered to report immediately at Oar Dent, corner Tenth and Brondwy.

C. C. HARE, Capt. Counds. Cc.

Dissolution.
THE BUSINESS CONNECTION HERETOFOR extering between the undersigned was dissolve on the 31st ult. by mutual consent, J. V. Escott reting. F. Hekan will continue and attend to all nuse theil husiness.

Louisville, Feb. 7, 1863.

HEGAN & ESCOTT.

NOTICE.

PERSONS INDEBTED TO THE ESTATE OF L. CLARK, deceased, are requested to call at n residence and settle the same immediately. Those had ing claims against the estate will present them, proofly antheunicated, for estatement.

ELIZA C. CLARK, Adm'x, 19 do' Seventh st., bel Broadway and Vorke st.

W. B. BELKNAP & CO., IRON MERCHANTS,

CORNER MAIN AND THIRD STREETS 1,000 TONS ASS'D IRON & STEEL, 1,000 REGS HORSE & MULE SHOES, 7.000 LBS HORSE & MULE NAILS,

BLACKSMITHS' TOOLS. PLOUGH-MAKERS' MATERIALS. SPRINGS AND AXLES.

HOLLOW-WARE CASTINGS. FAIRBANKS' SCALES. MANILLA CORDAGE

BLOCK TIN, LEAD, AND SPELTER

All of which we are selling as low as can be bough I the manufacturers in small quantities.

We also buy OLD METALS, such as Iron, Copper nd Brass, for which we pay the market price. 49 Mon&Thurtfis ABSENTEES FROM SIXTH KY.

LOUISVILLE, KY., Feb. 6, 1863.

LOUISVILLE, KY., Feb. 6, 1863.

"I'ME following enlisted men of the 6th Kentucky
L Volunteer Infantry are reported as deserters, and
are ordered to report to me at Louisville, Ky., before
10 A. M. Thursday, the 12th of February.
Full power has been vested in me by Major-General
Bosecrans to deal with these "and all other men absent from the regiment."
By implicitly obeying this order they will arrest the
rigor of the law, which will otherwise he visited upon
them, and transportation be given to their regiment.

but of the soldiers' pay.

By order of COL. HAZEN,
Commanding Brigade.

John M. Graw, Capt. 6th Ky. Vol. Infinity. Benj. Black, has heard from in Visalia, Ky. John Dongherly, "Gallatin. Richard B. Mangram, in Louisville or Camph D., Ky.
Frank Peak, in Loulsville or Covington, Ky.
John Shultz, last heard from in Louisville, Ky.
John P. Titlman, " Owen co., Ky.
Jas. B. Wayman, " Independence, Ky.
Jas. Wilson, " No-hville, Tenn.
Georgo Sherman, resides at Louisville, Ky.; lake
risoner at Munfordville. H. C. Johson, slightly wounded in finger; last sec

A. Souther, slightly wounded in finger; last seen a

Nichols, slightly wounded in thumb; las-Nashville. Parks, sick at Nashville. S. Heynolds, at Convalescent Camp, Nashvillo. II. Wingham, B. F. Baker, whereabouts not known.

Jacob J. Tyler, Corp. H. Sparrow, in Anderson co., Ky. j. Long.
yd Sintpson,
u Woods,
M. Whitehouse,
S. Dowdy, in Shelby co., Ky. Traverse,
Il Tipton,
W. Moore, in Anderson co., Ky.

ohn Sutt, in Spencer co., Ky. Imothy Hurley, in Barracks al Louisville, Ky, COMPANY E Wm. Kreiter, at Louisville, Ky. John Funk, at Louisville Barracke No. 1. John Millor. COMPANY r. G. Bohannon, in Sheby co., Ky. Jas. Eceles, ou Provost Guard, Louisville, Ky. Geo. Bishop, in Henry co., Ky.

COMEANY G.
David Wengenhagen, at Nashville, Tenn. James Downs, at Lockport, Ky. Wiley Saliers, Sep. Roberts, "" ""
Wm. Stivers, in Owen co., "Lohn Marris" "" "" John Morris, W. L. Sutherland, in Henry co., Ky. C. Mohl, residence or whereabonts not known.
John Hupen, at New Albany, Ind.
Jos. Wahl, " "
C. Diffeth, " "
C. Osesch, supposed to ba "
C. Kuhlelng, " "
E. Weuer, at Louisville, Ky.
D. Angt week, "

August Serbel, at Cincinnath, Obio. V. Steinier, in Hospital No. 13, Nashville Daniel Gillan, residence at New Albany, Ind. Tanskley, Henry co., Ky. Lowden, n, last heard from at Nashville, Tenn ornelius, on duty at Geu. Boyle a stable, Le

c, Ky. Lagelon, in Barracks at Louisville, Ky. hu Ross,

GO TO BLAND & ELLIOTT'S GROCERIES, Corner Flfth and Market

OTTOM YARNS-200 higs Pittsburg Engle Cott

CARTER & BROTHER,

Corner Main and Sixth streets, Louisville, Ky. WE HAVE NOW AND WILL CONTINUE TO KEEP ON HAND A LARGE AND WELL-SELECTED stock of STAPLE and FANCY DRY GOODS and NOTIONS suited to the senson, which we will sell as low as no be hought in this market.

GARTER & BROTHER. CARTER & BROTHER.

FOR SALE OR RENT. For Sale,
IMPROVED BUSINESS PROPERTY.—We have for sale three BUSINESS HOUSES in the best part of the city. Terms cash.
HENNING & SPEED,
Real Estate Agents.

A Desirable Place for Sale.

THE FARM OF THE LATE ROBERT
A ABRAM BAILEY will be sold, in the highest bilder, on the 12th hustant, on mear Bridgeport, Ky.,

AN ELEGANT MODERN STYLE DWELL-ING, centrally located, containing 8 rooms of goed size and 2 smaller, also a large attic. 22,981 to 24 mouths, notes hearing interest from date and secured by lien on the property, or I will take 23,641 cash. Address box 257, Louisville P. O.

For Salc,

Lots, improved and unimproved, centeriand suburban, suitable for business and residence. Inquire of my attorney, Jo. G. Wilson, Jefferson, between Fifth ann Sixth streets. Will take a good residence in the city or a country seat in exchange. COAL COAL!

PITTSBURG COAL

'Hyatt & Hornor' Mines KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND A LARGE Office - Third street, between Mala and Harket, east side. ft distf

ENVELOPS, PAPER, Prive Packages, Army Part-Fallos, Valentiues, & alsu Soldiers Valentine Packages.

THE subscribers are prepared to furnish the show I goods at wholesile at very low prices for case that any purchased largely before the great advance we can ofter great indicaments to cash buyers in the West. Descriptive circulars with prices mailed free [3.8.11AKINS & CO., j20 dlalm 36 Beckman st., New York. 85th SEMI-ANNUAL EXPOSE

ÆTNA INSURANCE COMP' HARTFORD, CONN.

Assots, Jan., 1863. Cash, Treasury Nates, and Cer-tilientes on hand and deposited on .. 8136,561 41 963,801 00 567,495 00 Rallrand Stocks, flartford & New Haven, Connecticut Blver, and Bos-

Morigage Bands...... State of Cannecticat, Temporary LESS LIABILITIES:

150,000 00 8329,039 77 DULY SWOON TO, Hartford, Jan. 1, 1863. Respectfully solicit sud will take plessure in atten WM. PRATHER, Agent,

PROPOSALS FOR MAIL BAGS. POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, 1 SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT

LEATHER MAIL POUCHES DEATHER MAIL POURIES
of size No. 1, mesuring forty-eight inches in length
and sixty inches in circumberence,
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and forty-eight inches in circumference,
of size No. 3, messuring thirty-six inches in length
and forty-two inches in circumference,
of size No. 4, messuring thirty-lax inches in length
and thirty-six inches in circumference,
of size No. 4, messuring thirty linches in length and
thirty-six inches in circumference.

CANVAS MAIL SACKS.

nich it is made. eas deposited by bldders, which can, wit ouvenience. by used in the mail servic for at the prices specified in the proposal

A FIRST-RATE INVESTMENT. THE PROURIETORS OF THE BROADWA Foundery and Machine Shop, having retire trom business, desire to dispose of the same at a ver-

WANTED.

ANDREW MONROE.

Wanted to Rent,
GOOD, COMFORTABLE DWELLING,
OCSE, containing 5 to 7 rooms, in the cenral part of the city. Address Drawer Nn. 19,
ost-office. 9 dif

5,000 Horses Wanted

1 WANT TO BUY FIVE THOUSAND CAVALRY HORSES, subject to inspection, for which I will pay 200 per tenvered at the Government slables in Louis fi diskw2" 17 for the sain of the History of THE GREAT ITEBELLION, y Hen. J. T. HEADLEY, published in both English ad German, spleudidly illustrated, to be complete it we royal cetawo volumes elegacity bound. It is hav, larger as also never before equalled. For terms, etc.

Wanted,

A MODERN-BUILT BRICK DWELLING at from \$4,000 to \$6,000. Address, giving location and description and lowest cash price, Drawer 9t, Postoflice.

30c. A rare climate offered to Agents and Address ASH Kit & CO., 407 Main st., between id Fifth, Louisville, Ky. ian in div. Wanted,

U. S. INTERNAL REVENUE. THIBB DISTRICT, STATE OF KENTUCKY. COLLECTOR'S NOTICE.

d6 PHILIP SPEED, Collector. Democial, Anzelger, and Volksblatt copyl.

HEMP AND FLAX BRAKE. TABLERS AND STLAA BRAKE.

TABLERS AND STILERS INTERESTED IN THE Cultivation of Heips and Flax are invited to call and examine a new Brake new in operation at the Tydranic Founders, corner of Washington and Floyd treets, where the undersigned will take pleususe in Milbiting it.

1 MILE ANDERSON. Ag'ts.

[Lexington Observer and Reporter please cept and end bill to this office.] 32 Likely Negroes for Sale.

WILL SELL, ON KRIDAY, THE 20TH OF FEB-RUARY, 1803, at the Court-house in Shepherds-e, Bullut county, Ky. (*p miles from Louisyille, on Nashville Italiroud), thrity-two valuable Negroes. THE AMERICAN HOUSE, BOSTON

jebs disty LEWIS IIICE, Proprietor. UNITED STATES **WAR CLAIM & PENSION AGENCY**

No. 127 Main street, opposite the Gult House, LOUISVILLE, KY. J. H. H. WOODWARD.......Age BO Address Box 1,026.
N. B. Printed Blanks on hand to suit every kind of N. B. Printed Blanks on hand to suit every kind of ap3 dlaw3dpT&wly A FARM OF 53 ACHES OF LANI within 400 yards of the dopot at Emi nence, Ky. This land lies well, 1s all to

minence College. For further par B. JONES, at Eminence, Ky.

DR. LUDLUM'S SPECIFIC. FOR THE CURE OF Gonorrhœa, Glects, Whites, Strictures,

GENERATION. THE GONORRHEA, OR COMMONLY CALLED

w. F. DAVIDSON,
Northoast corners of Fifth and Mela streets,
Cincinnati, Ohio,
and by druggists generally.

130 disems

AT REDUCED PRICES. American Watches for Americans!

TAE ANESICAN WATCH COMPANY give notice that they have lately issued a new style of Watch expressly designed for Soldiers and others who desire a good watch at a moderate price. These watches are leended to displace the worlhiers, cheap watches of British and Swiss manufacture with which the counry is flooded, and which were never expected to keep ent to this country because misalable at home and SUBSTANTIAL MANUFACTURE, AN ACCURATE AND BURA-SLE TIME-KEEPER, and In Sterling Silver cases, Illust-ing pattern, at as low a price as is asked for the trashy We have named the new series of Watches WM. ELLERY, Beston, Mass., which name will be found on the plate of overy watch of this manufacture, and is one of our trade-marks. Sold by all respectable Watch Dealers in the loyal

Wholesale orders should be addressed to ROBBINS & APPLETON, pl5 eodis2m 182 BROADWAY, N. Y.



MAIN ST.; UNDER NATIONAL HOTEL, BUHEROLDAL SPECTACLES, he latest and most approved Lens yet invented, Barrier Optical, Mothematical, and Physical

Apothecary,

Bar Artificial Eyes Instated without causing pain.

CAFITOL PRUG STORE, OPPOSITE POSTOFFICE,
LOUISVILLE, K.Y.
Pure and fresh Medicines, Chemicals,

......82,683,110 59

COMPLAINTS OF THE ORGANS OF

For Soldiers

Ageals for the American Walch Campany, The Best Artificial Help for Hu-



F.H. GIBSON,

Drugs, &c.; Choice Toilet and Fancy Articles; cur-Fine and pure Liquors for Medicinal cur-

METEOROLOGIOAL, RECORD-February 11

THERMOMETER. Therm'to 7 44 43 44 35 7 0 26 29.626 29.610 45 49 7 o'clock | 2 o'clock | 9 o'clock | 7 o'clk | 2 o'clk | 9 o'clk | 37 | 37 | 37 | 44 | 44 | Wet Dry | 43 | 43 | 8.e. | 8.e. | 8.e. | 8.e. |

Contents of First and Fourth Pages Fire in Nashville-Pelice Proceedings-Shipments the West-Boldiers' Letters-Gen. Burnslde-Ko tucky Officers Commissioned-Cane Presentation Tha Volce of Layal Tennessee-Green River's Co mnnlcation-The Vlctory at Arkansas Post-Cas ties in the Sixth (Rehel) Ky, Regiment-The Vi The Third Kentucky Cavalry at Murfreesbero-Kertueky Legislature-Professor Smith's Lecture-Te egraphic News-Items, Ac.

THE LOUISVILLE JOURNAL AT NASHVILLE O. P. Myers & Co., on Cherry street, opposite Adams Express Office, will receive all order from dealers and others for the Journal a Nashville and author of the Carlon Carlon. ashville and south of that place. Sutle and postmasters can secure the Journal of the next day by leaving their orders with M. & Co. by 4 o'clock in the evening, if the telegraph and railroads are in order. f12:16

We publish in another column a lette signed "Vox," from a distinguished Kentucky officer in the government service, whose com mand is stationed at Woodsooville. If th writer's views were expressed over his own proper signature, they would have far greate weight than if anonymously presented.

We hear many complaints from citizen living on Seventh street, south of York, in re gard to the inexcusable aunovances to which they are subjected at the hands of tenmster in the Government servico. The people in that neighborhood receive their supplies o coal through the alley between Seventh and Eighth and York and Lexington streets, and this alley is so completely blocked up with army wagons that it is impossible for a coal-car to get through. The blockade of this alley i unnecessary. There are wide commons in that part of the city which can be used, with out any annoyance to citizens, for the purpose to which this alley has been appropriate

The drivers of some of the wagons have been ken to about this matter; but they replie the most civil remonstrance with the coarse and obscenest abuse. The object of this para graph is to call the attention of the prope authorities to this intolerable nuisance

THEATRE.-In many respects Mrs. Waller i unrivalled in her personations of tragic char acter. She has wonderful physical power which is modified by a most refined taste. 1 her, more nearly than in any representative of the standard drama upon the American stage, do we realize our dream of the immor tal Rachelle. We do not wonder then that he admirers are legion. As the subtle and re-Ientless Lucretia Borgia, she will find a nev field for the exercise of her great powers thi evening. The entertainment will conclud with the musical farce of Jenny Lind.

Not a single hogshead of tobacco and but seventy-five hales of cotton have been reccived in Nashville since the first of January The Union says that when peace reigned over our land, Nashville was as good a cotton as acco market as could well be found. A this season of the year cotton bales and tohac co hogsheads could then be seen piled almos mountain high on every hand. Now, when otton could be sold freety at fifty-five cent per pound, not a single bale can be purchase in the Nashvillo market. The cotton crop o Middle Tennessee has been as good as usual It will come in after awhile.

A business friend who returned from Memphis vesterday informs us that, in all his experience, he never saw anything, in a busi ness way, to equal the excitement which cha acterized the money and cotton markets of Memphis a few days ago. Gold went up t one hundred per cent premium and middling cotton was held firmly at one dollar and five cents per pound. The excitement was soon allayed, however, and cotton declined to sev enty cents and gold was neglected at seventy per eent premium.

Moners War .- We have already announ ed the publication of the work upon Modern War: its Theory and Practice, by Capt. Eme ric Szabad, of the United States Army, in which announcement we attempted to set forth its very high claims to recognition as one of the best essays upon military science with which we have met. Mr. L. A. Civill i a receipt of an elegant edition of the work, which should be in the hunds of all aspiring army officers.

We present upon another page of the Journal to-day a synopsis of the very able lec thre noon Light by Prof. J. Lawrence Smith at the Male High School building on Saturay evening last. At too late an hour to ad f their correction, our attention was ne or two errors in the report. The inaccuracies, however, will be apparent to the

CHRONICLES OF CARLINOFORD.—The pen of Mrs. Oliphant has been very prolific of works of fiction, and her productions have been regarded with high favor, but none have given more delight than her more recent work, the Chronicles of Carlingford, which has just been republished by the Harpers. It is for sale by Mr. L. A. Civill, Main street.

NEW Song .- Mr. D. P. Faulds has just issued a new song entitled "American Flag," dedicated to Gen. I.. H. Rousseau, the words and music by Mr. Will S. Hays. All of Mr. Hays' patriotic airs have had a great run, and this apostrophe to the glorious old flag will become immensely popular.

the rates offered by the bankers yesterday for Southern currency. The notes of the three old banks of Tennessee were taken at par, and the notes of other solvent Southern banks

were discounted at twenty per cent. We learn from the Nashville Union that over five hundred rebel prisoners were brought to that city on Tuesday from the vicinity of Murfreesboro, among whom was Gen. Paulding Anderson, of Wilson county

Captain O'Neal, of this city, the com mander of a company in the Twenty-eighth Kentucky Infantry, Colonel Boone, was eaptured by the rebels in the fight at Fort Donel.

son recently. RESUMPTION OF LECTURES .- The course

lectures before the Louisville Male High School till be resumed this evening at half-past seven. Electricity will be the subject of the discourse

The office of the Rockport (Ind.) Democrat, which was destroyed by a mob of soldiers recently, has been renewed, and the paper has ngain been issued by Col. Jones, its former

It was reported in Nashville on Sunday that John Overton, who was reported to both weal est man in Tennessee, had died a fev before at Chattanooga.

The New Albany Ledger says that over five hundred head of cattle have been driven through that city for the Louisville market

The cars passed through to Murfree boro yesterday for the first time since General Buell's memorable retreat from North Alabama.

The regular semi-monthly meeting o the two boards of General Council will take place this evening.

We are indebted to Mr. T. R. Le

RELEASED FROM CAMP CHASE .- Col. T. L. ones, of Newport, and Col. James Price, of Clarke county, Ky., have been released unconlitionally from Camp Chase, and returned home on Tuesday.

Thomas Fiuley, the Coving ton burglar who was arrested on the Cincinnati mailboat at this city a few days ago, has been taken the back to Covington for trial, arriving there on Tuesday.

The exiled loyalists from East Tennes es.es continue to arrive in this city. A party of seventy came down on the train from Lexngtou last evening. The steamer Emma Duncan arrived

ck and wounded soldiers.

KENTUCKY LEGISLATURE. FRANKFORT, Feb. 11.

BENATE. Prayer by the Rev. Daniel Stevenson, of ne Methodist Church. Leave was given to bring in the following lls, and the leaves were appropriately re-Mr. Prall—To amend chapter 50, Revised tatutes, entitled "Inclosures and Certain

Mr. Irvan-For the benefit of school disricts in Calloway county.
On motion of Mr. Denny, the Senate took the House bill in relation to common hools, and the substitute for it reported hy or Committee on Education.
Mr. Grover offered some verbal ameudments the substitute, which were ndopted.
The substitute to the House bill was then adopted, as amended, and the bill was then

bassed.
Mr. Anthony—Revised Statutes—A bill for the benefit of the town of Livermore, in Mc-Lean county. Passed.

Mr. Duke—Select Committee—A bill to rotect the citizens of Kentucky. Ordered to e printed, and referred to the Judiciary Com-

Mr. Miller-Select Committee-A bill to loare an agricultural college under the provi-ions of the act of Congress donating land for hat purpose to the States and Territories. Mr. Prall offered an amendment to the bill. The bill and amendments were ordered to be printed and placed in the orders of the day.

Mr. Baker—To amend the charter of the Jovingtrn and Lexington Railroad Company.

Mr. Speed—For the benefit of Circuit Court

Mr. Irvan-For the benefit of P. M. Ellison, of Colloway county.

Mr. Read—To legalize the proceedings of the January term of the Hart county Circuit

Mr. Bush moved that the House bill for the benefit of John A. Scroggin, which had been rejected by the Senate, be withdrawn from the House. Carried, and Mr. Bush was appointed committee to withdraw the bill from the The Governor's message nominating Nota-

ries, sent in ou yesterday, was taken up, and the nominations were advised and consented The House hill to divide the State into nine ongressional districts was taken up; the nding question being, "shall the bill pass?" A number of Ilouse hills, in the orders of the day were read and referred to appropriate

Revised Statutes.

A House joint resolution to appoint P. wigert to visit Washington Cily to collect the tolls due to the State by the United States Mr. Wright offcred an amendment to the

The resolution and amendment were referred to the Finance Committee. A Senate bill to amend section 320 of a bill for a Library Association, amended in the Mouse by repealing all lottery privileges. Amendment concurred in. A Senate bill to nmeud sec. 23, art. 1, chap. A Senate of to infect sec. 25, art. 1, chap. 1, Revised Statutes, amended in the House. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

A Senate resolution, offered by Mr. Read ome days since, concerning Col. John II. Mc-

Menry, Jr., was taken up.
Mr. Speed moved that it be referred to the
Committee on Federal Relations.
Mr. Read opposed the motion to refer.
Mr. Goodloe replied and advocated the mo-

Mr. Bush also favored the motion to refer. Mr. Read again opposed the motion, and treed the passage of the resolution.

Mr. Speed advocated the motion to refer, and

replied to Mr. Read.

Mr. Whitaker moved instructions to the committee to report the order of Col. McHenry, and the articles of war, and the order of the commanding General of the army which his rder is said to have violated, and any other ocument pertaining to the subject. Mr. Irvan moved that the committee be reuired to report on Friday at 11 o'clock.

The resolution was then referred, with Mr. Vhitaker's instructions, by a vote of 18 to 8.

A llouse preamble and joint resolution, re

Mr. Davidson-For the benefit of the late Same—For the benefit of Joel Martin, of

[The only difference between this bill and the bill assed by the Senate is that this bill fixes the rest at 10,000 per year, and the Senate bill fixes the price at (0,000).

The vote was taken upon ordering the hill oa third reading, and it was decided in the And then the Senate adjourned.

Prayer by the Rev. John S. Hays, of the Presbyterian Church.
Mr. Owings offered the following resolution, which was adopted, viz: Resolved, That in the discussion on Federal Relations members be limited to one hour.

Mr. Proctor offered the following resolution which was referred to the Committee on Federal Relations, viz:

Mr. Cleveland reported a bill to amend the

Mr. Cieveland reported a bill to amend the charter of the town of Germantown. Passed.
Mr. Huston—To incorporate a hotel company in the city of Lexington. Passed.
Mr. Underwood—Select Committee—To amend an act entitled—An act to amend chapter 83, Revised Statutes, title 'Revenue and Taxation.' Passed.
Mr. Burnam. Education.

, in Perry county. Passed.
Same—For the benefit of school district No. 05, in Pulaski county. Passed. Mr. Lisenby-For the henelit of Wm. M. reen, late judge of the Russell county court,

Mr. Underwood—Military Affairs—Authorzing the appointment of sgents to guard the alerest of discharged soldiers, and to enable been to collect their arrearages of pay, with an smendment therefor. Amendment adopter and bill passed—yeas 78, nnys 4. [The bil appoints commissioners to look after the sof liers, with pay of \$3 per day and expenses] The House then resolved itself into commit milectory of the propert and resolutions of the o coosider the report and resolutions of the najority and minority of the Committee of ederal Relations, together with the substi Considerable discussion prose thereon, in which Messrs. Wolfe and Huston took part. Mr. Finnell moved that the committee rise eport progress, and ask leave to sit again t

The committee then rose and had leave to And then the House adjourned.

DEATH OF A HEROINE.—Anna Carter Lee, of the daughter and only child of General Lee, of he rebel nrmy, died recently at Jones Springs North Carolina, an outcast from her home be anse she remained truo to the flag und which her ancestors had won their laurels, and true to the Government that had always treat d her father as a parent treats a favorite child some months ago agentleman in Western New York gained access to Arlington, the late resi-lence of Gen Lee, and, rummaging among he relics which strew the garret floor of the now described mansion, he found a copy of Goldsmith's poems, upon the fly-leaf of which was written, "To Anna Carter Lee, from her Grandmother;" and with the consent of the Grandmother," and with the consent of the attendant, he brought it away as a relic, as well of the former happy home at Arlington, now deserted, and disgraced by the treason of General Lee, as of the Custis family, of which that grandmother was a member. It is sorrowful to think that this Anna, the descendant f a once noble and patriotic house, and her-elf as noble and patriotic as the best of her-ine, should have met death alone and deserted

(Correspondence of the Louisville Journal 1 A PLEA FOR THE OLD REGIMENTS.

WOODSONVILLE, KY., Feb. 8 Allow one who feels an interest in Ken-lucky and Kentucky affairs to remark, upon what an old soldier regards a mistaken policy adopted and persevered in to an nlmost ruin-ous extent already. It is the almost indiscriminate authority to form new regiments in the State. Cavalry twelve months' men, without first filling up the old infantry regiments, enlisted for three years, when to enlist

These old regiments in the field have, when Third street, 100 yards south of the Pos ever and wherever, sustained the ancient re-nown of the State. The flag with any one of them is safe as is the honor of the State. All om Nashville yesterday with a number of of them that have been tried, without a single exception, have been equal to the occasion and the work before them. Then, if the honor of the State is safe with them, why not fill

needed in the dreadful hour of coullict. Kentucky has reason to feel grateful for the brilliant services of many of the old regiments—all that have been in a conflict—therefore, the tate legislative and executive head should bend all its energies for the relief of those who have remembered the honor of the State in the smoke of battle. Then, in the nams of all of the veteran regiments, I appeal to the State Government for relief. I have a right to make this appeal, and should be listened to.
All who have ties of blood in and with the All who have ties of blood in and with old regiments will say this is but just. Why then, may we not hopefully expect the powerful influence of your valuable paper to this VOX.

Tue Late Nicholas Lonoworth.—The telegraph has already announced the death on Tuesday of Nicholas Longworth, the Cincinnuti millionaire, which sad event occurred on Tuesday afternoon. The name of the deceased is more closely identified with the history of Cincinnati than that of any other person living or dead. He had outlived most of his generntion, being eighty years of age on the 16th of January last. For nearly sixty years he had been a resident of Ciucinnati. He went there a poor young man when a few log ttee, with instructions to report on Friday went there a poor young man when a few log houses marked the scttlement. Ile lived to see it one of the first cities of the nation, and himself one of the wealthiest men in the country. Thus has passed away another the few remaining links that connect the earlier and present history of Cincinnati, many respects, and Christian charity was one of his predominating traits; yet he bestowed his charities in his own peculiar way. One of his biographers wrote of him recently: "The other day I had occasion to make up a contrioution to relieve the wants of a destitute but deserving widow, residing in the Sixth Ward. Among other persons I applied to Longworth Who is she? Do you know her? Is she a deserving object? I assured him that she was; I had good reason, I said, to believe that she bore an excellent character, and was doing The House hill to divide the State into nine ongressional districts was taken up; the nding question was taken hy yeas and nays and sulted as follows—yeas 13, nnys 18; and the ll was rejected.

She boff an excellent character, and was doing all in her power to support a large family of small children. 'Very well, theu,' said Mr. Longworth, 'I shan't give a cent. Such persons will always find plenty to relieve them. I shall assist none but the idle, drunken, worthless vagabonds that nobody else will help. If you neet with such cases call on me.' help. If you meet with such cases call on me. In this reply a gleam of Mr. Longworth's humor appears, but there was in it something of

his philosophy. A House joint resolution to elect a commissioner to the Eastern Lunntic Asylum on Friday, was read and concurred in.

A Senate joint resolution to lix the time of the regular bi-enuial sessions of the General Assembly was taken up. [Fixes the last day of December, unless it is Sunday, and then the day before.] Referred to the Committes of American silver, making an aggregate of nearly two millions of deliver. This resonant in American silver, making an aggregate of nearly two millions of deliver. The immigration statistics of Canada show that the number of skedaddlers from the United States who became frightened at the prospect of a draft, numbered 1,942. These persons took with nearly two millions of dollars. This accounts in part, for the plethora of United States coin of which the Canadians make such complaint. The silver being parchasable here at a rate from hve to eight per cent less than gold, was taken by the skedaddlers, instead of the latter coin, and thus it became spread over the provvere forced to receive it.

A letter from Washington says the notels are crowded, and at one of them the receipts of fast week were upwards of twelve

[Extract from a Letter on the Battle-field.] This hattle (Antietam) has been the most sanguinary of the war, and the only one fought with visible design and upon military principles. The arrangement of our corpsthe overlooking position of the commanding General—the sending into action the right and left divisions-the closing up of the centre, and the final success-excites bewildering admiration, and carries the mind to the great fields of Austerlitz and Wagram, fought by Napoleon. Of all this have I spoken. The heart history of such a conflict, purchased by the life and blood of twenty thousand men. must be found in the hospitals. War has its glories-but it has its ten thousand demons in these human tortures that make the eve-balls ache-the heart bleed-the lips palsy, and the A flouse preamhle and joint resolution, requesting the President to convene Congress as sarly as the first of May, was referred to the Committee on Federal Relations.

Mr. Worthington—For the benefit of the President and Directors of the Lexington, witcholasville, and Lancaster Turnpike Committee to sounds God grant I may not again witches the president and Directors of the Lexington, witcholasville, and Lancaster Turnpike Committee to sounds God grant I may not again witches the president to convene Congress as brain real. The sight is at first positively unequivalent to convene Congress as the president to convene Congress as the president to convene Congress as the sight is at first positively unequivalent to convene Congress as the president to convene Congress as the first positively unequivalent to the life-blood of some is trick-ling away in silent calmness—while the dissevered limbs and maniac brain of others give rise to sounds God grant I may not again to the president to convene Congress as the president to convene Congr brain real. The sight is at first positively un-

But ve mothers who here seek a son-c wives a husband-or sisters a brother-o Mr. Whitaker—To exempt certain persons here the hand of mercy is watchful, and bet-Mr. Whitaker—To exempt certain persons to the found of the figure concerning the state of the state of the figure concerning the state of the state of the figure concerning the state of the state of the state of the figure concerning the state of the hospital, where rested the gallant Hooker that I learned the history of those mythics words so often seen and so little understood "S. T .- 1860-X." Anything alleviating th negative by yeas 10, nays 14, and the bill was sufferings and saving the lives of our soldiers,

is a national blessing. I witnessed some astonishing results from this article. It is well known the effect of burnt gur powder and excitement is thirst, which, added o the loss of blood in the wounded, creates the necessity of a reviving stimulant. In this particular hospital, the physicians were allow ing their patients to drink Plantation Bitters, otherwise called S. T .- 1860-X, and although the wounded are most numerous here—thi division having opened the fight at 5 in the morning-the men were mostly composed, and there was very little fainting. The arti ele acts upon the stomach and nerves in

most incomprehensible manner, superior t brandy, and without subsequent stupefying reaction. It originated in the West Indies, composed of the celebrated Calisaya Bark, Roots, Herbs, &c.; all preserved in St. Croix Rnm-the S. T.-1860-X being a secret ingredient, not yet revealed to the public. I Mr. Burnam—Education—For the benefit of chool district No. 6, in Mason county. Passed. Same—For the benefit of school district No. stomachic difficulties, &c. I understand it was somewhat known in the Southern States previous to the war, and it appears an ugent of Jefferson Davis recently applied to the proprietors for the privilege to make it for hospi tal purposes during the war, to which they

made the following reply: NEW YORK, Jan. 16, 1862.

Agent of, etc.:

DEAR SIR: In reply to your communication, offering us "Fifty thousand dollars for the recipe and right to make the l'lautation Bitters for your hospital purposes during the war," we beg to say, your price is a libera one, considering it would cost us nothing to comply, and that otherwise we can derive no revenue from the Southern States; but, sir, our duties to our Government and our ideas of consistency would not allow us to enter-tain it, although it might please us to assuage the sufferings of your misguided followers.

Very respectfully, yours, P. H. DRAKE & CO. These gentlemen give the history of certain ngredients of their article for over two hundred years-showing that through all changes of the medical profession and its practitioners, strength, composure, and cheerfulness have been derived from these sources. Dr. Woods in the Washington hospitals informed me that one patient was fast sinking and crazy, and had not slept an hour for two weeks, until the Plantation Bitters came to his knowledge, when one day's trial gave him a night's rest, and he was now fast recovering. I am surweak soldiers cling to it like a brother. As a lay member, I can hear witness it is "good to take" and a formal witness it is "good to take" and a formal witness it is "good to take".

t tion Bitters.
But I have digressed. In my next I shall speak of gathering in the wounded, burying

Motices of the Bay.

Coughs, Hoarseness, and the various Throat affections to which Public Speakers, Military Officers, and Singers are liable, relieved by Brown's Bronchial Troches." Having a direct influence to the affected parts, they f 12 d1 allay Pulmonary Irritation.

the State. Cavalry twelve months men, without first filling up the old infantry regiments, enlisted for three years, when to enlist as a soldier was not only dangerous to the soldier himself, but the exhibition of his timely patriotism was of inestimable value to the state.

The Many discharged soldiers with "Chronic Camp Diarrhoa" have been cured in a very short time by the "Safe Remedy for Bowel Complaints, Diarrhoa, and Flux." We are requested to invite others in similar condition to call on W. II. Forwood, who cures them with early synthesis and Parado synthesis.

Heanquarters U. S. Forces, en route, Louisville, Ky., Feb. 10, 1863. General Orders, No. 9.

of the State is safe with them, why not fill them up, and not compell two bundred and fifty of these gallant men to perform the work of one thousand, whether it is building bridges, roads, or in battle?

Ston twelve-months recruiting and dispuses thority, are hereby ordered to immediately reroads, or in battle?

Stop twelve-months recruiting, and dismiss this idea of State troops. A man that will not make a full Government enlistment will fall as far short when his services are most fall as far short when his services are most without leave, severe punishment.

The description of the dreadful hour of coullict. Ken
without leave, severe punishment. without leave, severe punishment.

2 * * Brig.-Gen. Bnyle is requested to instruct post commanders and ovost marshals within his district to arres

imprison all officers and soldiers who failed to accompany the regiment, corps, o detachment to which they belong in the recent movement from this place.

By order of

MAJ.-GEN. GORDON GRANGER.

WM. C. RUSSELL, A. A. G. Bird cages of all descriptions, at SUES' VARIETY STORE.

False faces—another lot just received J. SUES'. CONFEDERATE (REBEL) MONEY .- Fac-simile Treasury notes, so exactly like the genuine that where one will pass current the other will go equally as well. \$500 in Confederate notes

of all denominations sent by mail, postage paid, on the receipt of \$5. by
W. E. HILTON, flo dlm* No. 11, Spruce streel, N. Y. The principal companies making Sewing Machines are Wheeler & Wilson, I. M. Singer & Co., and Grover & Baker. Of the machines made there were sold during the

year last reported: Wheeler & Wilson,... By 1. M. Singer & Co.,..... By Grover & Baker,...... howing Wheeler & Wilson's sales to be dou-

ble those of any other Sewing Machine Company in the country.

In addition to these awards of the highest authority, we have the testimonials of the mos intelligent and influential ladies, manufacturers, and professional seamstresses in all parts of the United States, Europe, British America, West Indies, Central and South America, Turkey, India, China, and Japan.

All machines warranted three years.

WM. SUMNER & CO., Agents.

m Masonic Temple. Ifill's Goln PEN MANUFACTORY-Is the place to buy fine Pens, Cases, &c.—can suit any hand. Gold Pens Repointed for 50c. Peus sent safely hy mail. find I will pay 60 cents (cash) per dwt. for old pens 14 carats fine.

N. B.—Steucil Brands cut as usual.
R. O. HILL j29 dtf 407 Maiu street, below Fourth. UNITED STATES REVENUE STAMPS . - 1 have on hand, and will constantly keep, a full supply of the above statups.

Persons ordering by mail may depend upon having their orders filled by return mail.

Office in Custom-house.

PH1L1P SPEED,
j22d&wlm Col. Int. Rev. 3d Dis. Ky. Notice.-Citizens and straugers who desire

news in advance of the mail, can always obtain the daily papers of Chicago, New York, St. Louis, and Cinciunati at No. 215, Third WM. H. EHRICH, j2I dIm Agent Cincinnati Commercial.

DIRECTORY OF THE HOSPITALS. have established an office of information in regard to patients in the General Hospitals of the Army of the West. By a reference to books, which are corrected daily, an answer 1st. is — (giving name and regi-ment) at present in any hospital of the Army

of the West;
2d. If co, what is his proper address?
3d. What is the name of the Surgeon or haplain of the hospital? 4th. If not in hospital at present, has he reently been in hospital?

5th. If so, did he die in hospital, and at what date?
6th. If recently discharged from hospital, was he discharged from service?
7th. If not, what were his orders on lenving?

The Commission will also furnish more spe-ific information as to the condition of any atient in the General Hospitals, within as quest to do so from an officer of any of its coresponding societies.
The office of the Directory will be open daily from 8 o'clock A. M. to 8 o'clock P. M. and accessible in urgent cases at any hour o

the night. JOHN. S. NEWBERRY, M. D. Secretary for the Western Department U. S Sanitary Commission. No. 439 WALNUT STREET, Louisville, Ky.

ARMY MEDICAL PURVEYOR'S OFFICE, } LOUISVILLE, Ky., Nov. 24, 1862.

Persons having business with this office, officers of the army, and citizens, will please eall between 9 and 10 o'clock A. M. The office will hereafter be closed on Sunday.

A. P. MEYLERT

Surgeon U.S. Vols. Medical Priveyor. FORTY-FOURTH KENTUCKY INFANTRY-Avoid the Draft!—The War Department having authorized the raising of nine months' men in lieu of the draft in Kentucky, Colouel Isaac Shelby Todd has been authorized by Gov. Robinson to recruit a regiment of nine months' men to be mustered into the service of the United States as infantry. They will be entitled to the same pay, clothing, and allowances as other troops, except that they will receive no bonnty. In all other respects they will be on the same footing with other troops

heretofore raised in this State.

John M. Semple, of Louisville, is associated with Colonel Todd as Lieutenant-Colonel, and DRAKE'S PLANTATION BITTERS. Jas. T. Bramlette, of Adair county, as Major.
Those who desire to raise companies for this 41th) regiment can report to Col. Todd at Shelbyville, Lieut. Col. Semple at Louisville, or Major Bramlette at Columbia, Adair county, when they will receive the proper authority to progress with the week.

ty to progress with the work. creceived the first preminms at the State Fairs last held in New York, New Jersey, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Iowa, Missouri, Keutucky, Tennessee, Virgiuia, North Carolina, Afabama, and California, including every State Fair exhibited in 1862. Sale Rooms No. 5 Masonic Temple.

n 25 d3m A CHANCE FOR ALL.-Col. A. J. Alexander wants to enlist one company more of picked meu for the Thirty-sixth Kentneky Mounted Infantry within ten days. As no officer for the company has been designated, they can choose all their own officers from the members of the company. Call at his recruiting office, on the south side of Main, near First. c22 dt

For all kinds of lumber, dressed and undressed, sash, doors, blinds, mouldings, boxes, &c., call at Alexander, Ellis, & Co.'s planing mill, sash, door, and blind factory and lumber yard, on Fulton street, just acove Preston, frenting the river, or at their lumber yard, corner of Walnut and Preston streets, or leave your orders at their warerooms on leave your orders at their wererooms of Main street, nearly opposite the Galt Honse, Lonisville, Ky. janl dtf

MARRIED.

On the 9th inst., io Rev. Henry McDonald, at the sidence of the bride's father, in Ginsgow, Ky., Muarkles L. Hill and Miss Ril McFirnan, bother at place.

In this city, on the 11th lost., 1 y Rev. John 11. 11 ey ood, Mr. J. Петицкизгом, of Clinton county, Mich an, and Miss Мактиа E. Caulfon, of Hardin coun DIED. Idhani county, near Smithfield, on the L. & Ponthe 30th of January, Mr. J. N. BLAKEMORI n Lancester, Ky, on Thorsday night, the 5th ohrmoy, SALLH LOGAN, third daughter of W. J. an A. Landram, aged 5 years and 1 months.

take, and affords more energy and life than anything I ever tried. Success to the Plantation Bitters.

But I NCINNATI.

The magnificent passenger steamers MAJ ANDERSON, litther in, master, or the above steamers will leave for the above from the steamers will leave for the above for freight or passage apply on leard or to. ort daily at 12 o'clock M.
For freight or passage apply on loard or to
JOSEPH CAMPION, Agent.
Office at the Wharfboat, foot of Third at.

RESH BUCKWHEAT FLOUR-Inst.

AMUSEMENTS.

LOUISVILLE THEATRE. CENCH OF FOURTH AND GREEN STEARTS

Bo To-morrow evening benefit and last night but ou of the engagement of EMMA WALLER. Private Boxes \$5 and \$5. Dress Circle and Par quette 75 cents. Second Tier 35 cents. Gallery 15 1) we open at S's and Curtain rises at 714 o'clock For particulars see small bilis.

MASONIC TEMPLE. **MORNINGSTAR'S**

Excelsion

CAMPBELL MINSTRELS A TROUPE CONSISTING OF SIXTEEN STAR performers, will appear on WEDNESDAY NIGHT, 11th INST.

nd every night theraafter until further notice. The cill be a variety of Songs. Barlosques, and Ethlopis belineatlons, and a chaugo of programme avery nigh those who wish to enjoy themselves should be hand. The strictest order will be enforced.

CHAS. A. MORNINGSTAR,

AT MASONIO TEMPLE,

MOZART HALL. ortheast corner Jefferson and Fourth st

WOOD'S

MIRROR OF THE WORLD

THIS BEAUTFIL PANORAMA, WHICH CON-tains over 20,000 feet of Canvas, will be opened or exhibition at the above Hall ou Wednesday Evening, Feb. II, 1863.

EPSingle Tickets 50; Ticket admitting Gentleman and two Ladies \$1; Servants and Children under Twelve years or age 2.c., re-th-coors open at 6% o'clock. Panorama will commence moving at 7% o'clock. fr d?*

FIRST GRAND MASQUERADE BALL COTILLON PARTY

To be given by the National Club AT THE ODD FELLOWS' HALL On Thursday, Feb. 12, 1863. COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS: Shaw, H. J. Smith, J. Martla

MANAGERS: 1'. Seng. H. Bropson FLOOR MANAGERS:
Means, J. Martin, L. Chmunius,
Bregoon, R. Buller, J. Sweltzer,
Shumen, A.F. Herman, J. Hritman,
L. T. Love,
Life, J. Shaw.
Assistant Chief, H. J. Smith

AUCTION SALES.

SPECIAL AUCTION SALE BY L. KAHN & CO., 404 MAIN STREET.

ON FRIDAY, Feb. 13, at 10 o'clock, we will sell a Goods. Comprising the filoding desirable Goods: Lines of brown and blended Honesite, test known brands. Prints of best brunds; a line of Chieck; Gingstond Prints of best brunds; a line of Chieck; Gingstond Prints of best brunds; a line of the prints of best brunds; a line of the prints of best brunds; a line of the prints and prints of the prints of best brunds; a line of the prints dmeres: Suspenders; Liven and Cotton Handke is; Shirts and Drawers; Irish Linen; Linen Fi. Ladles' flose, togother with a large floe of So We invite dealers to this gate. EVERY LOT WILL E SOLD WITHOUT RESERVE Terms cash.
L. KAIIN & CO., Anctioneers.

BY C. C. SPENCER. ALUABLE BEAL ESTATE-DESIRABLE FAM-11.4 RESIDENCE AT AUCTION.

ON FRIDAY AFTERNOON, Feb. 13, at 3 o'cle k, will be peremptorily sold, on the premises, u desirable Private Residence, simpled on the cast side of Fioyd street, between Chestnut and Gray streets, containing flys to ma, kitchen, and cellar with a barea TERMS - 21, 0) cosh; tomanes in section in the stand lieu. Title perfect.

C. C. SPENCER,
Auctioneer, 19 d5

2 Days' Auction Sale BY THOS. ANDERSON & CO. On Tuesday and Thursday, Feb. 10 and 12, Commencing each day at 10 o'clock,

On THURSDAY-DRY GOODS, &c., suited to the season.
Also, at 12 o'clock, ROOTS, EROES, HATS, & CAPS. THOS. ANDERSON & CO.,

SPECIAL NOTICES.

o so. His arrangements for doing business enablem to make it to every dealer's interest.

f7 dis2m W. B. WILSON.

Seed and Agricultural Warehousa, Maiu st., bet. Third and Fourth. f7 dls2m

down stream, and other tinguish the flames.

Washington, Feb. 11. 3,000 BUSHELS ORCHARD ORASS; cleaned Bluegrass; Red Top or Herda' Grass; Red Top or Herda' Grass; included to Chever Seed; Chever Seed; 250,000 papers assorted Garden Scods, crop of 1862; in store and for sale by fr dis2m I. D. BONDURANT. 100 BRLS. CALCINE PLASTER;

fi dis2m J. D. BONDURANT, No. 322 Main at. SPERMATORRHOEA CAN BE CURED. DR. RAND'S SPECIFIC curen & Seminal Weakness, Impotency, Loss

to age ar time of day. Parlicularly recommended to delicate purely requiring a gentle stimulant. Solid by all Grocers, Pruggists, Hotels, and Saloons. P. H. Drake & Co., 202 Broadway, New York.

27 deldawesway

THE CONPESSIONS AND EXPERIENCE EST Published for the length and a caution to young men who suffer from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, &c.; supplying at the sumetime than means of Solif-ture. By one who has cured himself after being put to great expense through medical imposition and americary. By enclosing postical and more seed envelop, analy, complaining to the beginning of the present disturbance until the spring of 1862. This denartment was charged with the authority of granting passes or passports through the lines of the Unitime than means of Solif-ture. By one who has cured himself after being put to great expense through medical imposition and americany. By enclosing postical and drowed envelop, analyze communication with them ou behalf of this Government was charged with the authority of granting passes or passports through the lines of the Unit was thought as sound and liberal poincy to leave them free to visit any part of the country to which they are assigned, so long as there should be no ground to question their good ford, Kings courty, N. Y. meyl decakweevery

BRANDRETH'S PILLS.

THEY CURE DYSPERSTA, REDUCE, LESSEN, AND EXPEL THE PRINCIPLE OF DISEASE. DR. THOMAS R. HAZARD, of Portsmouth, Rhode Island, says: "That twenty-soven years' experience f Brandreth's Pills were promptly used in the early J. J. Cook, publisher of the Banner, at Benniugton when every other means had failed and I was actually

weil known citizen of Williamsburg, and thousands of there is no surer purgative; in smaller doses they act as a gentle etimulus, curing coefficients and purifying

XXXVIITH CONORESS-SECOND SESSION TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

Boings of the Kentucky Legislature. The Federal Relations Committee.

Col. Cushman, the Cotton Burner.

More About the Vicksburg Canal. An Admission from the Rebels.

Proposition of Napoleon Rejected. Naval Engagement below Vicksburg

morrow, Gen. Finnell having the floor.

the spirits of our troops.

The Vickshurg correspondent of the Jack-

passage of the batteries at Vicksbyrg. The

at Vicksburg, and sunk the rebel steamer ly-

therefore caused the starboard gun to be shot-ted with three of the incendiary projectiles

The following communication was transmitted to the Seuate to-day:

The Secretary of State, to whom was refer-

rela resolution of the Senate passed the 9th of February, in these world, vizil "Resolved, That the President of the United States he requested to communicate to the

Senate, if not incompatible with the public interest, the character of the suggestions made

by the Secretary of State to M. Mercier, as narrated in his communication to M. Thouvenal under date of 13th of April last, which

induced M. Mercier to undertake his filisticate to Richmond in that mouth, and what repre-

sentatious, il' any, he was authorized to make from this Government or the Secretary of

State to the Confederate authorities," has the

onor to submit the following reply:
That no suggestions were made to Mr. Mer-

cier by the Secretary of State that induced or that were designed or calculated to induce

him to undertake a mission to Richmond in April last or any other time. He was not

then nor has he or any other person over heen authorized by this Government or by the Secretary of State to make any representa-

tions of any kind or on any subject to the Insurrectionary agents or so called antholities at Riehmond or to hold any communication with them ou behalf of this Government

ernment. Accordingly a passport was granted in April, 1862, to the Minister of the republic of Bremen. A like passport was granted in August, 1861, to the French Minister, attended by his royal highness the Prince

Nupoleon (Jerome), and in April last a similar passport to the French Minister. These pass-

orts were granted at the request-of those dis-

tinguished persons respectively, and not on any suggestion of the government or Secre-

ary of State. They severally travelled in private or unofficial character. They bore no

mmunication whether formal or informal

verbal or written, from the government or from the Secretary of State to any of these insurgents and they broughtus none from any such persons to this government or to the Se-retary of State. Since the 4th of March,

To the President of the United States:

U. S. GUNBOAT QUEEN OF THE WEST, BELOW VICESBURG, Feb. 2.

owing is the report:

Washington, Feb. 11.

and wounded soldiers.

bill to increase the number of Major and Brig-adier Generals in the volunteer service. It provides for an increase of thirty Major Gen-The Report of Colonel Ellet. rals and one hundred and seventy Brigadier Generals, making the whole number of Major The Federals in Alexandria, Tenn. Communication from Sec'y Seward.

this increase would add greatly to the ex-Congressional Proceedings, &c., &c. penses of the Government. Mr. Wilson said many Generals had been appointed when no new forces were raised; he [Special Despatch to the Lonisville Journal.]

esota. Passed.

did not helieve that so many were needed, and hs thought that some limit had better be placed FRANKFORT, KY., Feb. 11. on the number of nominations of new Gen-To-day the House of Representatives resolved itself into a Committee of the Whole

Mr. Gilmes said there were more objections for the purpose of discussing Federal Relations.

Two speeches were made by Mr. Wolfe, of quantity. Many of our Generals ought to be your city, and Mr. Huston, of Clarke. They were both very able and in advocacy of the same line of policy. Both opposed secession and denounced the unconstitutional acts of the but the unfaished business of yesterday, the President. The subject will be resumed to-morrow Gen Finnell having the floor was taken up.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.

BENATE.

Mr. Grimes, from the Committee on Naval

sailors of the gunboat Cairo for loss of cloth-

ng. Passed.
Mr. Sherman presented a joint resolution of

he Legislature of Ohio protesting against the proposed enlargement of the canals of Illinois

he construction of a maratime cable.

Mr. Ten Eyck, from the Committee on Judi-

An amendment offered by Mr. Harris was The House passed a bill authorizing the Governor to appoint agents to look after our sick association shall be a holder of United States morning, was fired into when she reached Harneth bonds to the amount of fifty per cent and wounded soldiers.

The Senate killed the House bill concerning the penitentiary, also the flouse bill npportate the United States Treasury such bonds or parts thereof, in the manuer provided by this capital states are always to Clarksville.

The Atlantic, and all the beats composing the Government of the penitentiary of the state of the United States are always to Clarksville. tioning the State into ninc Congressional dis-tricts.

No. 40.

No. 40.

Course Veh. 11.

No. 40.

No. 40. CAIRO, Feh. 11.

Mr. Collamer argued against the bill and the injustice that would be done to local banks The rebel Col. Cushnian, who was arrested on Friday at his residence near Ripley, Tenn., was brought to Columbus, Ky., in iroos. Cushman has burned more cotton, perhasis, than any other man in the Confederacy. He everywhere. There are many powers which belong to the States which are entirely independent of the action of Congress, such as the right of State taxation. The Supreme Court decided in Maryland that the United States as acted throughout without commission from the Confederate Government.

Vicksburg letters say the brilliant achievenient of the Queen of the West in running the blockade has had a most beneficeat effect upon

Mr. Washburne gave not

duties on rnilroad iron and eoal. son Appeal says it is possible that Grant will Mr. Cox, from the Committee on Foreign
Affairs, made a report on Mr. Fessenden's resolution as to whether Gen. Heran should not be dismissed as Minister from Columbia.

The motes of the three old Banks of Tennessee olution as to whether Gen. Heran should not be dismissed as Minister from Columbia.

From the Committee on Foreign at a premium of 4265 % cent and Indiana at 162 % cent. The notes of the three old Banks of Tennessee olution as Minister from Columbia.

From the Committee on Foreign at a premium of 4265 % cent and Indiana at 162 % cent. The notes of the three old Banks of Tennessee olution as Minister from Columbia.

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From the Committee on Foreign at a premium of 4265 % cent and Indiana at 162 % cent. make the canal a success, and suggests that Grand Gult, Port Gihsou, and other points between Vicksburg and Port Hudson he fortified. Mr. Cox caused a note to be read from Sec-Admiral Porter, in terms of commendation, communicates to the Navy Department the report of Col. Ellet, commanding the ram Queen of the West, giving an account of her father the commendation.

him by the Constitution. government was taking the necessary steps to recognize the government of Mosquera, as all the functions of the State, the ports, capital, &c. were now in the latter's hands, and he was President de facto and de jurc. Admiral: In compliance with your instruc-tions, I started in the Queen of the West, at half-past four this morning, to pass the batteries

I discovered immediately on starting that the change of the wheel from its former position to the narrow space behind the Queu's bulwarks did not permit the boat to be handled with sufficient accuracy. Au hour or was spent in re-arranging the apparatus, and when we rounded the point the sun had risen, and any advantage which would have resulted from the darkness was lost to us. The rebession of the subject.

Mr. Ashby, from the Committee on Territories, reported bills authorizing the Territories, reported bills authorizing the Territories of Nevada and Colorado severally to form and any advantage which would have resulted from the darkness was lost to us. The rebession specific hat government.

Mr. Ashby, from the Committee on Territories, reported bills authorizing the Territories of Nevada and Colorado severally to form and any advantage which would have resulted from the darkness was lost to us. The committee was discharged from the further consideration of the subject.

Mr. Ashby, from the Committee on Territories, of Nevada and Colorado severally to form and any advantage which would have resulted.

All and 4% for the different numbers. We quoto twine and candlewick at 80c. Battling held at 50c.

Silvering Sales of soda at \$2,84%.

Onions—Good demaud, with sales from the committee on Territories, reported bills authorizing the Territories, of Nevada and Colorado severally to form and any advantage which would have resulted.

The committee was discharged from the further consideration of the subject.

Mr. Ashby, from the Committee on Territories, reported bills authorizing the Territories.

The committee was discharged from the further consideration of the subject.

Mr. Ashby, from the arranging the apparatus, and when the committee on Territories of the c

els opened a heavy fire on us as we neared the city, but we were only struck three times before reaching the steamer. She was lying in nearly the same position that the Arkansas occupied when Gen. Ellet ran the Queen into New Yoak, Feb. 11.

we came down, the bow of the Queen would missioners to consult in Montreal or Mexico.

have glanced. We were compelled to partially the series of the following states of the series of the following states of the following round in order to strike. The consequence was, at the very moment of the collision, The markets have relapsed into their former inactivity. Small sales of turpentine at \$2.

Oregon dates of the 6th have been received. the current being very rapid and strong at this point, caught the steru of my beat, and, acting on her bow as a pivot, swung her around so rapidly that nearly all her momentum was lost. I had anticipated this, and had

are still open, and crowds of gold-seekers are rushing thither. The victoria (British Columbia) Chronicle ted with three of the incendiary projectiles of the the sys a Commodore of the Confederrecommended in your order. As we swung round, Sergeant J. H. Campbell, detailed for the purpose, fired this gun. A sixty-four pound shell crushed through the harricade just before he reached the spot, but he did not privateering enterprise, which would have just before he reached the spot, but he did not privateering enterprise, which would have succeeded but for the want of sufficient money.

ment and set the rebel steamer in flames, which they subsequently succeeded in extin-LETTER FROM GEN. ROSECHANS .- The Ohio Legislature recently passed a vote of thanks gulshing. At the same moment one of the enemy's shells set the cotton near the star-board wheel on fire, while the discharge of the following letter, received from Gen. Roseto the Army of the Cumberland. On Tuesday our gun ignited that portion which was on the crans in response, was traosmitted to the Ohio

The finmes spread rapidly, and the dense Legislature: smoke rolling into the engine room suffocated . Headquarte the engineers.

I saw that if I attempted to run into the City of Vicksburg again my boat would certainly be burnt. I ordered her to be headed

To the Honorable the General Assembly of the State of Ohio:

To the Honorable the General Assembly of the State of Ohio:

State of Ohio:

The resolution of thanks passed by your 7,25 for eyer a round-hop Ohio, and 37 years. City of Vicksburg again my boat would certainly be burnt. I ordered her to be headed down stream, and ordered every mm to ex-

The resolution of thanks passed by your honorable body, to the Army of the Cumberland, its commanding General and his staff, has been duly received, and published to the troops of this command. On behalf of all, I return you heartfelt thanks.

This is, iudeed, a war for the maintenance of the Constitution and the laws—nay, for national existence—ngainst those who have despised our honest friendship, deceived our just hones, and driven us to detend our country and our homes. By foul and wilful slanders on our motives and intentions, persistently re-

eated, they have arrayed against us our own consanguiaity, geographical position, and commercial interest.

Let no man among us be base enough to forget this, or fool enough to trust an oligarchy of traitors to their friends, to civil liberty, and human freedoffl. Voluntary exiles from home and friends, for the defence and safety of all, we long for the time when gentle peace shall again spread her wings over our land; but we know no such blessing is possible while the unjust and arhitrary power of the rebel leaders confronts and threatens us. Crafty as the fox, cruel as the tiger, they eried "no coer-

the fox, cruel as the tiger, they eried "no coercion," while preparing to strike us, because they said they could whip five to one, and now when driven back, they whine out "no invasion," and promise us of the West permission to navigate the Mississippi, if we will be "good boys," and do as they bid us. Whenever they bave the power, they drive before them into their ranks the Southern people, and they would also drive us. Trust them uot. Were they able they would invade and destroy us without mercy. Absolutely assured of these thiogs I am amazed that any one could think of "peace on any terms."

Ile who entertains the sentiment is fit only to be a slave; he who utters It at this time moreover, a traitor to his country, who deserves the scorn and contempt of all honorable men. When the power of the unscrupulous rebel leaders is removed, and the people are free to cousider and act for their own interests, which are common with ours, under this Government, there will be no great difficulty in fraternization. Between our tastes and social life there are fewer differences than between those of the people of the Northern and Southern Provinces of Eggland and Ireland. Ifoping the time may speedily come when, the power of the perfidious and cruel tyrant of this rebellion having been overthrown, a peace may be laid on the brus' foundation of national unity and equal justice to all, under the Constitution and laws. I remain your felthe Constitution and laws, f remain your fellow-citizen, W. S. ROSECRANS,

GARBARD COUNTY, KY., Feb. 6, 1863. such persons to this government or to the Secretary of State. Since the 4th of March, 1861, no communication, direct or indirect, formal or informal, has been held by this government or by the Secretary of State with the insurgents, their aiders or abettors. No passiport has been granted to any loreign minister to pass the military lines, except by the President of the property o

port has been granted to any foreign minister to pass the military lines, except by the Presidence of the United St. London STEAM BOATS.

STEAM BOATS.

STEAM BOATS.

STEAM BOATS.

Aligonal L. Month and the London St. London Louis and the longer of the Course these statements are to be qualified so far as the facts relating to the communication concerning the exchange of prisoners and there may effect them.

Louisville & Evansville U.S. Mailboats
Leave daily (Sundaye excepted) at 5 o'clock P. M.

For Overaboro, Evanswille, Hendelrann, and the Marketin Marketin Marketin Leaves Mondays and Thursdays and Thursdays

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.

RIVER NIT

Milk? ngiss, Cairo. ndsor, Pills. ma Duncan, Mem. DEPARTURES YESTERIA

Maj. Auderson, Cln. Wren, Ky. river Fannie McBarnie, Pltts. Shingies, Pltts. Mr. Wilson, from the Committee on Mili-The river commenced rising at this point on Thes-day night with eight feet water in the canal last aven-lag. It was about stationary, however, again last evening. Considerable rain fell yesterday morning. ary, reported adversely on the bill to amend and the weather last bight was crone)

The further same committee, reported back the bill to allow the United States to prosecute appeals and writs of error without giving security. Passed.

The further same committee, reported back the bill to allow the United States to prosecute appeals and writs of error without giving security. Passed.

The Fanny McBurnie, from Memphis, passed up for the same committee, reported back the bill to allow the United States to prosecute appeals and writs of error without giving security. The Faddy McBurnie, from Memphis, passed up for Mr. Wilkinson called up the bill for the renoval of the Winnebago Indians from Min-

Mr. Wilson, of Massachusetts, called up the discharging her sick solders.

The towbeat Windsor arrived from Pitisburg 700. went to Jeffersonville last evening for a cargo, after terday with a tow of coal. She will return with empty The Shingiss, with a broken shaft, arrived from be-

low yesterday and passed up for repairs.

The spicoidid steamer Oen. Buell is the mail and Generals seventy, and Brigadier Generals two hundred and seventy.

Mr. Grimes was opposed to the bill, and asked for the yeas and nays on its passage

Mr. Carlisle wanted to know how many of these Generals were not of duty. He thought this increase would add creatly to the

The Shark arrived at Portland from the Mississippi yesterday, and will ascend the Indian Chute this morning.

The Wren arrived from and departed for the Keutucky river yasterday.

The Star Grey Eagle, from Henderson, brought up

83 hogsheads of tubacco, 500 sacks of wheat, and 300 barrels of apples. She left ageln for Henderson last avsning. steamer Lake Erle No. 2 was attached at Clucinnati on Tuesday by the Uulted States Marchal A. C. Saude

claim of these works is for repairs done to the steamer

DAILY REVIEW OF THE MARKET. gnt of State taxation. The Supreme Court ecided in Maryland that the United States light establish a bank with branches, and a tate could not tax them. mluna and holding at 58@60 % cent. Silver is in do Mr. Washburne gave notice of his intention of introduce a bill to repent all laws levying premium. Eastern exchange dull at 14.6946 it cent discount buying and par selling. Kentucky netes sell

money at 20 \$\mathcal{B}\$ cent, discount.

Flour and Orain-Flour is dull, with sales by retary Seward saying that the President was the dray load at 36 25 for superfine, and 26 50@6 75 for entrusted with the lunction of receiving for- extra. Wheat is lower, with sales at \$1 25@ eign Ministers, and that this was confided to 1 30 for red and prime white. We quote ear Mr. Cox remarked that the legislative had nothing to do with the subject of receiving foreign Ministers. He had no doubt that the shipstuffs at \$16 B 10n, shorts \$13, and bran at \$9.

alf-past four this morning, to pass the batteries was President de facto and de jure.

The sessended expressed his dissatisfaction with the report. Ilis object was necomplished.

The change of the wheel from its furner to it.

The was glad to hear that measures were heing that the was glad to hear that measures were heing the change of the wheel from its furner to it.

The was glad to hear that measures were heing the change of the wheel from its furner to it.

The was glad to hear that measures were heing the change of the wheel from its furner to it.

The Louisiana election case was postponed Whisey-Sales of raw at 52c & gallon

The same causes which prevented the destruction of the Arkausas then saved the City of Vicksburg this morning. The position was such that if we had run of liquely into her as French Emperor for the North to appoint com-

BANK NOTE LIST. BANKABLE FUNDS Treasury Notes and Ohlo

MOVEMENTS OF GOLD IN NEW YORK DURING JANUARY.

The Journal of Commerce turnishes the following statement of the specie movement for January:

JUST RECEIVED,

"Memoirs of Mrs. Rethine," Ac.
All the now books received as soon as issued.
For sale wholessle and retail by
JOHN P. MORTON & CO.
Publishers and Booksellers,
10 j&b3 BOARDING.

A NUMBER OF GENTLEMEN CAN BE ACCOMmiding on Jefferson street, between Fourth and Fifti,
rext door, to the Masonic Temple. A couple of centiauan can be accommodated with a room. fit date EXTRA FINE TEAS—A fresh supply Green and Black Ten just received and for sale by fill d6 DOW & BURKHARDT, 417 Market et.

SMOKED MUTTON HAMS—Releaded by fill d6 DOW & BURKHARDT, 417 Market et.

Capt. James Montgomsry, of New Allany, was In command of the gunboat Star of the West when she ran the blockade recently at Vicksburg.

COMMERCIAL.

FEATUERS-We quoto at 33c 7 h. HEMP-Firm at an advance. Sales fair to prime Kentucky at \$1 20@130 \$1 tou.

San Francisco, Feb. Il. \$27 75, 1 at \$25 50, 1 at \$29 25, 1 at \$33 25, and 1 at \$34.

NEW YORK, Feic. 11, P. M. ottled at 5sc. Wheat very doll

THE CHRONICLES OF CARLINGSORD, by Mrs. Oliphant, unther of "Margaret Naitland," &c.

Among the recent publications of interest may be found "The Haringtons," "Anteen Floyd," "No Name," "Lines Left Out," "Springs of Action," "Memoirs of Mrs. Rethune," &c.

CUNDRIES-Baker's No. 1 Chocolate and Cocoa, Gelatine, Pickles, Sardines, and Core Oysters for Hilbirt & SON.

DRUGGISTS' TWINE-A full assortment of varies gated and plain Twines just received and for sal ORRIN RAWSON. Mazzain st.

Your committee, to whom was referred that portlou of the Governor's message which treets of Federal Afiairs, report, that they conque in the general spirit and purpose of the views expressed by his excellency, and com-

aend them to the consideration of the people f Keutucky. Wo regret to observe that the present ad-We regret to observe that the present administration, and the party in power, have drifted away from their promises and pledges made at the commencement of this present deplorable contest, and have adopted a system of measures and practices that aid the rebels, multiply their numbers, and augment their determinantes.

Originally, the majority in all the seceded Originally, the majority in all the second of the Christians, except one, perhaps, preferred the Union, and disapproved the rebellion. It was the obvious duty of the Government to cherish this love for the Union, and disprove, by its conduct, the charges made by the conspirators to precipitate the rebellion. They charged that the Constitution, in the hands of the anti-charge party would efford no protection to slavery party, would afford no protection to the South; that the object of that party was the destruction of slavery, and that they would seek opportunities that would afford pretx ats to strike at slavery everywhere. Instead of disproving this charge, by a course of justice and moderation, and showing to the Southern people, and the world, that the charge was false, and that there was no cause for the rebellion, they have assumed that slavery is both the cause and the strength of the South ern Confederacy, and that it is necessary t destroy it; and they have adopted a series of measures designed to accomplish this object.

By an act, approved March 17, 1862—a terrible bill of pains and penalties—the Iraitor is condemned to death, and his slaves are to be

All who incite to rebellion, or give aid and comfort, are to suffer long imprisonment, and their slaves are to be emancipated.

All who don't, in sixty days after the President's proclamation, ahandon the rebellion, are to lorieit all their property, which is to be seized and sold by a summary process not jus-tified by the constitution, and their slaves are to be emancipated. Wherever the army goes the slaves are to be

emancipated, if they belong to robels; and it is easy to assume that all in the second States These penalties, which fall with terrible efect, if inflicted, are made for the people of overnment, able to command their obedience and force them to bear arms against the Un

tel States, whether they will it or not.

The government assumes to punish the dis-loyalty of men whose loyalty it does not and mitted into the Union a part of the State of Virginia, without any warrant in the consti-

thtion, for the avowed object of obtaining another free-soll State.

They have emancipated the slaves lu the District of Columbia, without the consent of their owners, and laxed the people of the "nited States to pay the expenses, without their consent.

They have taken advantage of the distracted

state of Missouri to effect the emancipation of slaves there, by offering the State twenty mil-lions of dollars to compensate her for the suc-rifice, without the consent of the loyal States, The President has conceived the wild scheme of ending the rebellion by buying all the slaves, and presses it with as much zeal as if he were in real carnest in believing that the whole rebellion is to be subdued by dollars

And, as if all this were not enough, the President has issued a proclamation, by his own authority, setting all the slaves free in the second States, with some exceptions in particular localities, and proposes to arm them

Regarding these acts as matters of policy, they unite the sentiment of the second States in a determined resistance. They silence those who were friends of the Union in the rebel States; they confirm the charge made by roving it, that the Constitution, in the hands of the abolitionlats, would afford no protection to the Southern people. They will not make one rebel less, but tens of thousands

deeply injured the cause of the Union, and strengthened the rebellion.

We shall not boast of the loyalfy of Kentucky. Half her loyal population, it to bear arms in the field against the rebellion, are her witnesses, and let the world be her judge. And whilst we acknowledge the obligations of the State to the Constitution and laws of the United States, the latter is hound to respect the Constitution and laws of Kentucky; and the Federal troops in this State cannot be allowed to entire slaves from their masters, and broteet them in their camps against civil

teasions. We leave the confiscation bill to stand on Ita own basis of folly and barhavity.

Western Virginia was called the State of Virginia until her consent was obtained to her own admission into the Union, and the deed was donn. So shallow the subjerfuge to evade the charge of a pulpable violation of the Constitution. The offer to buy the slaves of Missouri is an

offer to buy n State a right, or to put a State under honds not to exercise it. The Federal Government has no power to huy such a right, and a State has no power to sell it. The proposition is contrary to the whole theory of

It is marvellous that a whole party or faction can be found to sustain the validity of the President's proclamation of the 1st January, 1883. The right is claimed for the President 1863. The right is claimed for the President in virtue of his power as Commander-in-Chief of the army and navy. It is a war measure to put down the rebellion. The principle is, that he can select any means, that, in his judgment, will answer the purpose. If so, he can abolish States, dispense with Congress, seize the purse and sword, and proclaim himself suppreme dictator. Indeed, in pursuance of this idea, the President did issue another proclamation threatening to try men for certain vague-

idea the Fresident did issue another proclamation threatening to try men for certain value. It defined offeness unknown to the law no by jury, but by a military commission.

This same party have found out that it be longs to the President to suspend the privilege of the writ of habeas corpus. The idea is born of the emergency. The privilege of this writ was forn from the executive in the morn of the property by resolution, and even effort the er country by revolution, and ever after manidered the sacred right of the citizen. We
annot suppose that our fathers, so jealous of
personal liberty, would replace in the hands
of nn executive a power so much abused. This writ, whilst it is implied in the constituti already existing, is moreover provided for acts of Congress passed both houses and a proved by the President. It is absurd to st Pose that an executive has power, under a tree constitution, to dispense with a law of Constress in any emergency, of which had so be

the judge.

But what is the remedy for these evils? our executive were for life, supported by law-making power of the same description would be the only remedy. men at Washington are, however, tempor The government is ours, and we shall not sur-render it for their ill conduct. As long as he political morality of the people remains, there is an unsubdued power in the hallot-box to nr-rest such evils. It has asserted itself, and is advancing to control this government with resistless step. Kentucky can wait with the Democrats of the North, and the patriotic men who have joined them for the Constitution as it is, and the Union as it was; and reject all lawless and unconstitutional remedies which would only prove worse than the disease. Kentucky cannot compromise with disun-ionlsts. Their success would not remove any of the evils we have described. It would renfor them chronic and perpetual. The tweetions would never live in peace; and ou

of the necessitles of war would grow up systems of despotism, in which every vestige of libery would disnppear. Kentucky would be a Border State, with no power to oversule the wicked anthition of either section. She would be the victim of their contests; and her limits would be desolate, and her limits would be desolate. contests; and net limits would be described, forn, and ragged, drenched with the blood of generations. We cannot accept such a descript for those who are to come after us.

The authors of the rebellion had as well and accept that he had a self-and the standard of the rebellion had as well as well as the standard of the rebellion had as well as the standard of the rebellion had as well as the standard of the rebellion had as well as the standard of the rebellion had as well as the standard of the rebellion had as well as the standard of the rebellion had as well as the standard of the rebellion had as well as the standard of the rebellion had as well as the standard of the rebellion had as well as the standard of the rebellion had as well as the standard of the rebellion had as the st

derstand that Kentucky is the natural enemy of their scheme. Their wicked ambition has brought these calamities on us and themselves, and their success would but multiply and agravale them.

Much as we find to condemn in the acts and

pretensions of the present party in power in the United States, the Southern horizon is the United States, the Southern horizon is still durker and more forbidding. A few ambitions men literally precipitated the people of the seconds States into a bloody rebellion. They began by the confiscation of all the debts within their reach due to citizens of other Scates; and by the confiscation of all the property of those in the second 1 States, who desired to stand by their old government. Through vigilance committees and otherwise they banished from his home, the citizen who

And destroyed the persons and property of their brails of the brails of the Corerament. They claim absolute power over the persons and property of their dominions to use for their own pur-loses. They have invaled Kentucky, de-troyed her property, and robbed and mur-lered her people. But it is needless to enu-nerate further outrages.

This they have done under their constitu-

of war; but, in time of peace, their constitu-tion gives power to the Executive that is inonsistent with the perpetulty of republican stitutions.
This State will submit to such a despotism nly when she has no power to resist it.
In the meantime it would be an idle to appeal o the men at Washington as to the men at Michmond. The former have adopted their olley against the well-known wishes of this State. They would listen to no reason from no, however sound, no considerations, however just, no counsels however wise. Against their constitutional schemes we appeal to the constitution.

We can submit to neither of these extremes, either of which is fatal to the Union, whilst there are hallets for one and ballots for the In conclusion we recommend the adoption

PROF. SMITH'S LECTURE. - A large audience comprising many of our leading citizens, assombled at the hall of the Male High School on Saturday evening last to hear a lecture In this State, part of the Foderul troops seem to have been inspired by the same antislavery lagaticism that rules the councils of the government, and it has here, as clsewhere, deeply injured the cause of the Union and streams of the councils of the source of the Union and streams of the cause of the Caus

The Constitutions and laws of the States knowledge of their necessity and confidence in the co nre a part of the system composing this l'nion, as well as the Constitution and bows of the United States, and the violation of the former can never be a legitimate means of preserving the latter.

We shall notice but hriefly the unconstitutional features of some of these acts and pretensions. We leave the confiscation bill to

and in his happiest style the lecturer allot to this subtile and almost incomprehensit agent as the first work of the Almighty, ! source of all heauty in nature, the life-givi influence to the vegetable and animal crossitions, and the only bond which nuites the inhabitants of Earth with the rest of the Universe.

The Associated Press' correspondent says that the Florida left Nassau a week ago, having coaled, &c. She reported having made seven prizes off Cuba and one on the Bahama

The lecturer dld not intend to present the subject in all its connections, but desired rather to call attention to some recent remarkable discoveries, which have not only attracted the attention of scientific men, but have excited throughout the world the wonder of men not given to such pursuits. He stated that as early as 1875 Newton, the great philosopher of nature, had proved that this intencall light was compound, and had succeeded in decomposing it into its elements and colors. This was done by allowing a small beam of light to pass through a triangular prism. The colors into which the white light was resolve. were seen to arrange themselves in a fixed an definite order. This succession of colore bands was called the solar spectrum, and was then supposed to be continuous throughout its whole extent; but in the year 1802 it was proved that the continuity of the spectrum was interrupted by a multitude of dark line intersecting the parallel to the hands of color. These lines were found also to have

color. These lines were found also to have a fixed and determined position, nothing was as yet known respecting the cause of these dark lines, although up to a very recent date twenty-eight philosophers had investigated the subject under various circumstances.

A powerful electric light, the nearest approach to the brilliancy of any artificial light yet discovered, enabled the lecturer to ilmatrice this portion of his subject in a most exist. trate this portion of his subject in a most strik-ing and satisfactory manner by throwing a spectrum of indescribable beauty upon the acreen before his audience. While speaking of the colors of which this spectrum was com-posed, he alluded to the fact that there were certain chemical, calorific, and other rays invalide under ordinary circumstances to Ihe hu-man eye. This fact was substantiated by placing certain vegetable solutions, coloriess and perfectly transparant as water in ordinary light, outside of the limits of but near the vio-

light, outside of the limits of but near the vlo-lef end of the spectrum, when they passime I a pale phosphorescent glow.

His next experiments were of a highly moral and interesting character; after again alluding to the dark lines observed in the so-lar spectrum, he mentioned that artificial lights or matter in a highly incaudescent or harring state does not give a streeture into burning state does not give a spectrum inter sected by dark lines, but in their stead lines or hands of various colors; he furthermore de monstrated that these lines have characteritic colors and fixed positions in the spectrum So true is this, that, as the manipulator place different substances in the source of light produeing the spectrum, the lecturer was able merely, by viewing the lines brought out in it, to designate with absolute certainty the substance so introduced. This opens a new field in analytical chemistry, and the results

which may be expected from this application cannot now be estimated, for already have three hitherto unknown elements been disovered. (Ine of the most remarkable facts which he demonstrated was, that when the light ema-nating from an incandescent metal passed through the vapor of that metal, instead of the characteristic tright line a dark one was pro-duced in its spectrum. The experiments illustrating this wore singularly brilliant and startling. This has led philosophers to the conclusion that the dark lines of the solar spectrum are in nil probability caused by the absorption of the colorific line of incandescent matter in the body of the sun, especially as it

incandescent terrestrial matter are coincident with the dark lines of the solar spectrum.

The lecturer concluded by a few other experiments showing the varied powers of fissiperh optical apparatus now in possession of the school and its applications for instruction and scientific investigation.

Through vigitance committees and otherwise they banished from this home the citizen who loved the odd flag under which his litther lived and died. Instead of having the citizen to hight for what they call independence, they have only been able to fill their armies by a bose only been able to fill their armies by a

Death of N. Longworth, of Cincinnatil Committee on the Conduct of the Warl

A Picket Skirmish at Stafford, Virginial The Pirate Alabama at Kingston, Jamaica A Number of Union Vessels in Pursuit

Captured Machinery to be Usedi

An Address to Newspaper Publishers Expedition up St. Mary's River!

Town of Woodstock Destroyed! Destruction of Rebei Saltworks! Reported Loss of the Brooklyn!

Cincinnati, Feb. 11. Nicholas Longworth died at half past five 'clock yesterday, P. M., aged 81 years. The family of Phillip Bernhard, consisting of eight persons, residing on Liberty street, West of Freeman, were poisoned yesterday by enting some, supposed to have contained arsenic. (the of the members died and one other is not expected to live. The servant girl has been arrested. She is suspected of the

NEW YORE, Feb. 11. There is not much news of special importance this morning.
The Tribune's special says the joint committee upon the conduct of the war is prose-cuting with vigor and effect the inquiry into he insubordinate influences which persuade from the President a countermand of Genera Burnside's order to cross the Rappahannock to renew the Fredericksburg fight. The Investi-gation has already included the influence of a Cabinet officer and that of unwarlike Gen-

HEADQUARTERS QUAND RESERVE DIVISION, Stanford C. H., Va., Fab. 8. Friday morning last, about one o'clock, a picket party, consisting of sixteen men, under Lient. English, of the 11th Pennaylvania cavalry, at Wigginton's Mills, some four miles from Stafford C. H., was attacked by a force of about thirty-five rebels, twenty of whom were mounted. They killed two of our men, wounded Lieut. English, and took ten prisoners and captured lifteen of our horses. Lient. English and four men mada their escape under cover of darkness. cover of darkness.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.
A New days before the steamer North Star sailed from Key West, a communication was received by Rear Admiral Builey from onr onsul-General in Havana, in which he stated that he had just received a telegraphic despatch from the United States Consul at Trinidad de Cuba, saying that on Euglish hrig had ar-rived from Kingston, Jamaica, with information that the Alabama had reached that port on the 20th, and landed the officers and crew the United States steamer Hutteras, sunk ff (Galvesion—over 100) in number. It was arther reported that the Alahamn had suffered everely in the fight with the Hatteras; the hrough her stern port, was a very had one. The put into Kingston to repair damages, and expected to be ready for ass in four days. inmediately upon this news being received at Havuna, the United States steamers Wachusett and Oneida sailed direct for Kingston. The Santingo do Cuba and R. R. Cuyler hen on the south side of Cuto, were ordered to once to the same port. The Tioga and onora are also steering in the same direc-

The Tribuno's despatch says one of the new rou-clud gunboats is on ahipboard en routo o San Fran isco, where it will be used as a The Navy Department will immediately order the construction of two gunboats to re-ceive the engines captured aboard of the Prin-

New York, Feb. 11.

To all Editors and Proprietors of Newspapers:
There is no amount but that the paper monopolists are straining every nerve at Washington to put every obstacle in the way of any action by Congress to benefit newspapers by lessening the day on paper. It behooves seven at least of the straining the day on paper. riously all Editors and proprietors of newspa pers Throughout the country to make an im-mediate effort to offset the plans of these peo ple in order to obtain paper bereafter at n reasonable rate, and letters to members of Congress should be immediately forwarded by

PORT ROTAL, Feb. 3. Most of Foster's fleet has nrrived in good condition. The 1st South Carolina negro-regiment arrived yesterday from an expedition sixty miles up St. Mary's river to Woodtock.
They repaired the enemy and burnt the

town after a severe engagement, also de-stroyed the salt works. They tought like veterans, and repulsed superior numbers.

It was reported that the Alahama had been sunk by the United States gunboat, but finally denied. No American war vessel is at or near Nas-A hrig reports that on February 2d, in Intl-tude 31 longitude 74, they saw Iwo steam-ers stearing east, under steam and can-vass, apparently a chase. One had but one engine painted lead color, the other black.

FORTNESS MONROE, Feb. 10. The flag of truce hoat has brought down 269 exchanged prisoners. Among them are a Colonel and Lieutenant-Colonel.

The Richmond papers of the 2th inst. have changed their tone about raising the blockade. The Richmond Whig says that the British Consul sailed in the Cadurus from Charleston, on the 3th

on the 7th.
Officers of that steamer say the result of the ate engagement is less substantial than is sur-lposed. No vessel was sunk. The Impression revails that Savannah will oe attacked before Charteston.

Part Hudson, Feb. 6.—U. S. steamer Brook lyn was sunk by the rebel steamers Alabama, Florida, and Harriet Lane. The Brooklyn having been aent in pursuit of the latter.
This report is said to have been brought by deserters, but it is evidently untrue.

PROPOSALS FOR ICE. MEDICAL PUBLIFION'S OFFICE, NASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 22, 1988.

Althon Head, South Parollna, Newbern, No. 24 Carollna, Newbern, No. 24 Carollna, Sortress Mouroe, Virginia Pongacola, Florinia, Noshvilla, Tunisasee, New Orleans, Louislana, Et. Louis, Alissourt, Catro, Hilmos. Catro, Hilmois. Washington, District of Columbia. Moniphis, Tennesses.

iddets must be present in person when the bids are ned, or their proposals with not be considered, ends in the sum of five thousand dollars, signed by contractor and both of his gunrantors, will be re selective successful bidder upon signing the con-

mailtaide.

HENRY JOHNSON, M. S. K., U. S. A.

fe9 dtd Acting Medical Purvey REFINED SI GARS
To bbls Lavering's Conshol, Powdi red, and Gra-

A. RAWSON & (1) , 214 Male st.

MIE FIRM OF JNO F. HOWARD & CO

I dissolved by the death of Mr. John F. Howar
hallog from 25d histon. Any chalts azzi-Tho ke
firm will be settled by me. GEO. C. IIINTER.
Surviving partner. Surviving partner.

I WILL USE FINTE THE COMMISSION RUST, need on me own account at the house formerly occupied by Juo. F. Howard & to , Marn, between Third and Fourth streets.

Jan. T., 1983, 128 att MEO. C. 14 NTER

Surviving partner.

Phils is the House. Don't forget (un2 diff)

(125 AS —

15 do do Octong; for sale by Jan. T., 1983, 128 att MEO. C. 14 NTER

Apply to HENNINO & SPELL BY driving to the Market copy for one week and charge 6. II.

Dissolution.

f2 dif

MARSHAL'S SALES

Marchal's Sale.

James P. Chambers against June Jones, Jr., (anocyty, No. 18,94).
Vm. Alx against same, in Chancery, No. 12,824
Davis v Bacch against same, in Chancery, N

R. M. Jones and ast same, by Chancery, No. 17, 8 II. C. Walker against same, by Chancery, No. 17, 8 De ville Chancery Court, reinfered in the playing the understand, or one of me, with an MONE Feb. 16, 1883, about the hour of H o'clack A, sell, at public watting to the highest bidder, a Court-House door in the city of Lonseville, on a co

to satisfy the decree horein of the property ned horizon viz.

THE TWO TRACTS OF LAND,

Hottod to John Jones, Jr., to suit in this Co.

14,124, John Jones, Jr., to suit in this Co.

14,124, John Jones, Jr., to Julia M. Jones,

own as Nos. 4 and to no the plat filed therein,

ot Ne. 4, is described thus: Beginning at as,

the Lick road and corror to Councer's height,

the Lick road and corror to Councer's height,

the the same N. 25, E. 277 poles to a stake in The

tr's line, thence with the same S. 121 poles

te in Norten's ling, thence with a sline of No. 2, th

is same W. 165, 4 poles to a stake in the Lick r

now with same M. 25, 5 poles to the leginning,

ing isy acree, and 33 acree, as plat of which ca

in at the Marshala's oullee, This tract me, be

free or in six lots as satisfy ided.

another of his lines 8, 70 E. 40 poles to two sourwoods white only, and hickory, marked as pointers corne to No. 9, thence with some N. 45 E. 14 poles to the larginaring. Contading its errors. The interest of defendant, John Jones, in the late allotted as dower to the wholes of Bandel Jones, decused, as described in the division of file estate.

The purchasor will be required to give bond, wit approved security, bearing interest from fate out paid, and a lien will be usualed as additional security. The N. UEALL GANTT, Deputy.

Louisville, Feb. 11, 1885.—41 did.

U. S. Marshal's Sale.

Dy Virtue of A Will' of Vendition Education of the United States for the District Condition United States for the District of Kentuck held at Louisville, one of the undersigned will, of Wednesday, the 18th day of February, 18s3, about 11 four of 19th of clock A. M., soil at public ametion, the highest bidder, at the U. 8. Iovernment war rooms, on the east side of full sirve to tween Man and Market streets, in the city of Louisville, for cast forty hundless of flond Paper.

S. C. McDOWELL, C. S. Marshot, f2 did W. A. MERIWETHER, Deputy.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA. 88. No. 10
Degrater of KENTTUCK. 88. No. 10
WHEREAS, a libel of information has been fill
in the District Court of the United States, with
and for the Histrict of Kentucky, on the 30th day
Jamuery, A. D. 1883, by James Harlan, Esq., Attent

CDOWELL, U. S. M. K. D.

MERIWETHER, Deputy, McDOWELL, 1 S. M. K. D.

OF AMEIRICA, les. No. 98

KENTUCKY,
N. INFORMATION HAS BE.
Sister Courfof the United San
the District of Kentneky, on
cury, A. B. 1863, by James Hare
for the United States for the
the States for the
the States as of Charles B. Cost
or, of Lonisville, against it but
our of Lonisville, against it but
in substance, thus veld goods an
i on land, in the town of Fran
of Kentneky, on the 16th hay of
85, as forticited to the United Sis
as were shipped from the town of
d Platrict of Tennessee, on the 9th
1864, to the State of Kentneky, it
of Congress and the proclamaof the United States Interdicti
forcourse between the citizens a
did State of Tennessee, and the cis of the rest of the United State
in State of Tennessee, and the cis of the rest of the United State
in State of Tennessee, and the cis of the rest of the United State

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, 88. No. 00.

ations in that behalf.

MERIWETHER, Deputy,
For H. C. McDOWELL, U.S. M. R. P.

JAMES HARAN, U.S. Attorney,
Dated 3th day of January, A. D. 1883. 1984 is

4.00). Auch or \$4,562 on time, \$1, gash and the in one, two, and three years. Inquire of QEO. R. PATFON, No. 120 Fourth st., het. Main mid River, or 1.0. PATFON, No. 243 Fourth st., bel. Main mid River, Lim

LOTS FOR SALE.

No. 183, 100x105, s w'cor Wainul and Hancock.

vo. 7, 217 %x165, ns Chestnut, bet Shethy and Camp-

bell.

8 Walnut, bet Jackson and Hancack.

48x162, n s Chestmat. 1981t cost of Shelly.

No. 152, 21x162, n s Marshall, bet Jackson and Hancack.

11, 10x 21, s Water, bet Brook and Floyd.

No. 13, 10x11, s & Water, bet Brook and Floyd.

No. 13, 10x11, s & Water, bet Brook and Floyd.

No. 13, 10x11, s & Fulton, bet First and Second.

No. 4, 608-12 it, s & Fulton, bet First and Second.

No. 4, 608-12 it, s & Fulton, bet Brook and Floyd.

No. 4, 208-12 it, s & Fulton, bet Brook and Floyd.

No. 4, 208-12 it, s & Fulton, bet Brook and Floyd.

Floyd. Nos. 8 mist 9, 173 ft, River, n s, bet Floyd and Pres-

Nos. 8 and 9, 175 fl. Water, 8 8 Fulton, bet Floyd and Preston.

os. 12 and 13, 235 ft, River, n s, bet Floyd and Pres-

ster.

'front, 8 a corner Water and Floyd,
'a acres, tot No. 8, Newburg road.
's Madison, bet Preston and Jackson.
Preston's Woods.
's Breckinglige, let Third and Fourth.
'd'orden near Woods.

Garden, near Wenzel. es Macket, bet Brook and Floyd. Jmpro

sse haire.
I front, e Oreen and Garden.
phidl, bear kulton.
r the city, on Newtong road, near the
. (Two fine building sites.)

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,) 88.

exander Furnesies against same, in Chancery . 16. Fr. E. Bullock against same, in Chancery, N

RAILRUADS Louisville and Nachville Ratirosa. ON AND AFTER SCNDAY, FEBRUARY I, PASS conger and Freight Trains will run through to Mashville without change of cars.

7 A. M. PASSENCER TRAIN FOR LEBANDN Perryyllic, Danyille, Harrodabura, Campbelleville rryelle, Iranville, Harrodaburg, Campbellsville, I Colombio dvily (xeept Sanday.

A. M. PASSENGER TRAIN FOR BOWLING cott, and Russellville on Memphiy Brunch, and ankin, fallstom, and Nashville on Main Florad. 2:30 A. M. WAY EREIGHT TRAIN FOR BOWLE 30 P. M. THROUGH FREIGHT TRAIN for Nash-A. M. THROUGH FREIGHT TRAIN for Nush-A. M. FREIGHT TRAIN FOR LEBANON.

Louisville & Frankfort and Frankfort & Lexington Railroads. The state of the s TRAINS WILL RUN ON THEIR USUAL TIME on and after to-day. The Accommodation for the present will only go as far as Lagrange.

Freight Trains will run every other day, leaving hour-ville on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays.

Freight will not be received for Stations beyond Frank cut for the present.

January 21, 1983.—bits) SAM'L GILL, Sup't. Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Reopened.

Snp't of Transportation

PENNSYLVANIA ocentral Railroad. 325 Miles Donble Track.

IN ORDER TO KEEP PACE WITH THE DE-mands of the travelling jubile, the managers of this popular mute have added many improvements during the year isset, and, with its connections, it will be tound in all respects a FIRST CLASS ROUTE to all the Eastern cities. The track is stone ballasted and outliely tree from dust. THREE DAILY TRAINS FROM

PITTSBURG TO PHILADELPHIA, (with close connections from Western Cities), ALL CONNECTING DIRECT TO NEW YORK, THROUGH PHILADELPHIA, CLOSE CONNECTIONS AT HARBISBURG Baltimore and Washington. FROM PITTSBURG TO NEW YORK ONE TRAIN DUNS DAILY (430 MILES)

TA ALLENTOWN, WITHOUT CHANGE of CARS, Arriving in advance of all other Routes. SEVEN DAILY TRAINS FROM PHILADELPHIA TO NEW YORK. TIORETS FOR SALE TO BOSTON BY BOAT OR BAIL. Boat Tickets good on any of the Bound Lines.

FARE TO ALL POINTS AS LOW AS ANY BOUTE. SLEEPING CARS ON NIGHT TRAINS TO Philadelphia, New York, & Baltimore. BAGGAGE CHECKED THROUGH AND TRANSFERRED FREE.

FREIGHTS. By this route freights of all descriptions can isolor-worded to and from Philadelphia, New York, Boston, or Saltimore, to and from any point on the Italirozals of Dio, Kentinety, Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa, or Missouri by Rauleoad direct. The Pennsylvanin Central Italirozal also connects at Pittsburg with steamers, by which goods can be for-warded to any port on the Olio, Muskingrun, Kenticky, Fennessee, Cumberland, Illinois, Mississingst, Wisn of their respectly transit.

CHE RATES OF FREIOHT to and from any point

CHE RATES OF FREIOHT to and from their section of the control of t "Be particular to mark packages "via Penn'a for Proight Contracts or Shipping Directions apply or address either of the following Agents of the P. A. STEWART, Freight Agent, Pittsburg. CLARL, F. & CO., Transfer Agents, Pittsburg.

ITVESTOCK. ENGULL WIS, Gen'l Superintendent, Altoona, Pa. L. L. 1991 Pi, Gen'l Deket Agent, Philipielphia. L. H. 119USON, Gen't Freight Agent, Philidelphia.

LOUISVILLE, NEW ALBANY, AND CEMCAGO KAILROAD. FOR ST. LOTIS, CHICAGO, DETROIT. 1862. Winter Arrangement. 1863.

Trains are run by Louisvil e tome.

S. S. PARKER, Agent. A H. CULVER, Sup't. JEFFERSONVILLE RAILROAD. CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OF THE ON AND AFTER TO-DAY, MAY 5, 1862, TRAINS on this Boad will leave and prive as follows: LEAVE JEFFERSONVILLE: LEAVE JEFFERSONVILLE:

2:50 P. M. FAST IXPRESS for Cheinnail, Indianapolis, Chicago, and the East.

10:50 P. M. NIGHT EXPRESS for St. Louis, Cinctinant, Chicago, and the East.

Both Trains making connections for the East Taken ARRIVE AT JEFFERSONVILLE:

7:30 P. 51, from Chelmati and St. Louis. 12:10 A. M. from Indanspoles and Chalinnati. 11:40 A. M. from St. Louis, Indanapolis, and Chelm-JAS. FERBIER, G. T. A.

J. E. MOCRE - - - - Preight Agent, Louisville, Ky.

THROUGH BILLS OF LADING TO EASTERN CITIES given at lowest rates via fliver to Pitta ourg-Mail Line to Cincinnati and via Jestersonville

BUSH, MOSS, & CO SO,000 DUNATIONS!

Jackson. s. 17 and 18, 175 ft, s.s. Wuter, Let Preston and Jackson.
deep, River, n.s. bet Jackson and Hancock.
21, 458291, s.s. Fritten, bet Jackson und Hancock.
22, 175 tr., Water, s.s. Braty.
24, 1884 front, n.s. Fulton, bet Jackson und Hancock 5 front, 8 s Brady, bet Jackson and Hancock.

Francisco (1988) Aux 100, Intersection Garden and Wenzel,
D. 100x 100, 8 a Walint, let Garden and Wenzel,
100x 100, 6 a Wenzel, bet Garden and Walint (part
sold).

we corner Madison and Garden (nbout 104,000) square
feet. Sacres, 417x500, Intersection Broadway and Bardsnorma, S. Broadway, Intersection Newburg rond, infter deducting sale to P. Noll. o. 16, 25 b trout, river, but Preston and Jackson, back to Water. are and currons Works of Art, valued at \$5 each asking the total sour of \$20,000 to be divided among the three-holders.

\$22 Tickets—Single, \$1; six, \$5; twelve, \$10; twencancel \$23.

SADDLES, HARNESS COLLARS, TRUNKS, WHIPS, BITS & SPURS SAM'L BAKER'S

609 MAIN STREET, This is the Hause. Don't forget the Number

Babbert & issue, COPARTNERSHIP. WEHMHOFF&DICKINSON

Upholstery and Mattress Business,

Stucks and state do., Stucets & Pillow St. do., Mustero Bars., do., Curtain Goscia, Mustero Bars., Window Shade. Ensas Corder Ensas Corder Cortain Brands, Stades and Curtain Trimming.

We also make and lay Curpers, Isang Curtains a Stades, and make to order all Goods in our line short neck. and on reaconable terms.

MELISTOPET & DUCKINSON, Jan 18-18-18 Count and Third Georgetown College, Kentucky. THE NEXT SESSION OF THIS INSTITUTED will begin on Monday, January 5th, 1-22, and convests months. The Faculty is tail, and the dual the College will be prosecuted with the assudent The College wire to proceed and the College and all designs and excitenents incidentify to their presence.

F. C. MCCALLA, Treasurer, once.

C. Dec. 12, 1862.

dis d2m. (leorgetown, Ky., Dec. 12, 1262, Rep Democrat copy and soud blit to me.

REMINGTON'S

Army & Navy Revolver HAS BEEN APPROVED BY THE U.S. BOARD af Ordnance, and is now largely need in the ser-Circulars, with prices to the trade, furnished on a lication. Abdress E. REMINGTON & SUNS do d3m Line, N. Y. MANUFACTURED TOBACCO-72 boxes Toba

OTTER CREEK MILLS 196 XXX Anti-Humbug Family Flour. M. P. MANDELLEYE. FOR SALE ONLY by IL PERGUSON & SON.

For Weakness, Wasting, and every form of Debility.

BAKER & CO.'S

the tone of the digestive organs, invigorate the black, give general rotundity to the powers when ordinary tonics had been value y exhausted. It affords nourishment to the body when no other can be borne, and farnishes the frame with fat in a truly re-manufaction number. he body when no other can be borne, at Bottled only by us. O

DOR SALE BY CITY DRUGGISTS

PHILADELPHIA See that is the confidence and compared the compared to the co 217 CHURCH ALLEY.

BENNETT, RUCH, &CO. OFFER FOR SALE FOR THE SPRING TRAILS

MERL

d23 d3m ASTROLOGY. Look Out! Good News for All! THE NEVER - FAILING MADAME ISABEL Shi chil



Brewed from the choicest Barley Malt and

Hops by T. F. EVANS, Solo Agent, ORYSTAL PALAGE, LOUISVILLE, KY.

NOTICE. HAVING THIS DAY SOLD TO MESSES, BLAND MARKETSPEERS, BURNESS OF THE SECOND STREET STREET AND SECOND S JAMES McDERMOTT. NOTICE.

PHE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING PURCHASE the off and well known GROUERY STAND AS MCDREMOTE, corner Figh and Market stree espectfully solicit the patronage of their friends an Jan. 13, 1863. -dim FRESTON L. BLANI ouisville and Nashville Railroad. T SHOULD BE UNDERSTOOD BY THOSE W nent, and he charged while the indistrustice of the smachinery, rolling stock, and most we power, and completion and reconstruction of the road bridges, and Both these officers are as time the immediate of the President and Honor of Hiroconstruction of the Hiroconstructio Saddlery Warehouse,



I AVING LEASED THE ABOVE LARGE AND CONFORTABLE INC. TOR A TERM OF YEARS It is now being thoroughly repaired. The cuiside is to be painted in the by A manner. The interfer is labor

Corner Fourth and Main sts., Louisville, Ky.

Refined Carbon Oil, Refined Coal Oil, Extra Lard Oil, Lubricating Petroleum,
Benzole and Naptha, Car and Axle Grease, Paint Dryer, Ceal and Carbon
Oil and Lamps of every description, Wicks, Shades, Chimneys,
Globes, Brushes, Lamp Trimmings, &c. DOWNAREHOUSE AND STORE ON BULLITT STREET.
DOTCARDON AND COAL OIL WORKS CORNER SIXTEENTH AND HIGH STREETS.
DOTLARD OIL AND LAMP FACTORY ON BULLITT, HETWEEN MAIN AND WATER.

May 29

BUSINESS CARDS. O. K. KING & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

62 l'ine street, New York.

Refer to James Punnett, Esq., Pres't Bank of Amer-n, New York. HOLYOKE & ROGERS, General Commission Merchants

DEALURS IN PITTSBURG AND

FOR ACCO FACTORS.

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And Sole Agents for the

1352 WATER STRIET, NEW YORK, N. E. MILTON & Cd., of Lonisville, nre our Azen and will make advances on consignments to our a N. E. MILTON & CO., Produce and Provision Brokers

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, S. B. NICGILL, 67 Greenstreet, between Third and Fourth, Wholesale and Betail Dealer in and Importer of

HAVANA CIGARS, Virginia Tobacco. Snuff, Pipes, Tohacco. Ponches, and every variety of Smeking Tobacco. A large assuriment of the best brands of CIGARS nd TOBACCO kept constantly on hand.

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ABNER COOPER. Commission Merchant, BUTTER, CHEESE, and WEST-ERRN ERRORDUCE. No. 314 Main, between Third and Fourth streets in rth side, nearly opposite Hank of Louisville. CASH PAID FOR FRATHERS, LARD, WHITE Beans, Dried Fruits, Ginseng, and Becowax.

For Sale.

OFFER FOR SALE AT REASONABLE PRICES, chiler for cash or on short-gredling, the following midling Chestnick, bot. Fourth and Fath GROUND FEED. 30 Piell CENT SAVING IN HITVETH 2

Orders for any goods in the city promptly filled.

is is TAY IT.
PURE RYE FLOUR of a contappoint.
CRUSHED CORN at second per looked at
REFICE SHILD
Right street, between Fitter (FEE'S MILL)
And orders taken on Figh, between dad roop
Green, west side, at Mrs. Fletcher a Embrodderye
131 d2ne* id. 127 dim Terro Haute Express and Indianapolist amount of \$5 each and charge this pilic

D. C. BETTISON'S Photograph Gallery Main street, below Second, Over Telegraph Office.

W. WYAT'T, UNDERTAKER, Improved Metal Burial Cases Combining beauty, derability, and tightness.
Coffice corner Seventh & Jufferson, Louisville.
THE ABOVE CASKETS ARE MADE OF COR Lighted Short Metal and lined with Gutta Portlandia Rubber so as to be Art and Water Tight.
All orders promptly attended to. IMPROVE YOUR SIGHT! ere ere ere THE BEST AND CHEAPEST ASSORTMENT OF SPECTACLES, in gold, silver, and steel frames, at the OPTICAL STAND in L. A. CIVILL'S STORE, 431 South Main street, 5 doors above Fifth

me Constantly on hand superior FIELD GLA.
and a full line of OPTICAL, MATHEMATICAL
CRYEYING INSTRUMENTS. Sold wholesal MILLINERY Mrs. WM. OSBORN RESPECTFULLY INFORMS THE MILLINERY GOODS,
ng all the articles in the line, we cook a ell low for each.

HAT and BONNET FRAMES of the lates, Importadons wholesale and retail.

BLEACHING and DYKING carefully aftended to a 318 Jefferann st., batween Third and Fnurth

WOLSAL WARE We have already received a mil supply of

OTIS & CO

516 Main atreet, between Fifth and Sixth

inutaville, & 400 Brnadway, New York.

ROOTS AND SHOPP R. M. INGALLS Boots, Shoes, and Hats WOULD INVITE TOMATTY THEN I the URAL to his shock of the production of the production of the Core manufacturers prices. Have only a land on the contract of th

No. O. SUGAR—20 hids prime N. O. Sugar in store
III TERRY & CO., cls Main st.

Proceeding the quarter;
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BUSINESS CARDS. N. B. TAYLOR, DEALER IN HAY CORN, AND OATS House formerly excupied by A. L. Shotwell & Son, No. 142 Fourth street, between Main and river, healistile, Ky.

T. B.-LUBERVI, CASH, ADVANCES MADE TO

CLESTEAD & O'CONNOR POMEROY COAL. O BIOTRS FOR ANY OF THE ABOVE COALS by the postfully solicited and prompte filled at the lowest mart, t prices.

Constantly on hund a large supply of the "PEYTO-NA LANDIE" and "PEATOCK POMEROY COALS, which for kitchen, parlor, or chamber use have no supply. tlor.

Shibe No. 304 Third street, between Market and Screen, at Robb's old stone; and at No. 322 senurationers invoke and Market streets.

je23 dif

CAMP EQUIPAGE. AM PREPARED TO FURNISH REGIMENTS OF Companies with Camp Stoves, Camp Kettos, the Cartes and Forth, Spoots, Canta, they but has, but to the Camp Stools, day, on short to P. M. JONES, P. bl. JONES, placific Fourth st., near National Hotel.

Officers' Camp Chest. THE MOST CO IPLETE ARTICLE OF THE 013 1 126.311

CHINA, GLASS, & QUEENSWARE, SPUN COTTON AND BACON,

GREEN APPLES & DRIED FRUITS. TINWARE, &c. W. H. CRUTCHER, Ag'

COAL OIL AND LAMPS,

house. New York, Sept. 24, 1362. HEWITT & CO. New York, Sept. 24, 1862.

THIR PUNDERSIGNED HAS OPENED A COMMISSION HOUSE and Les taken the office No. 38

Exchange Pisce, Lette-riy occupied by HEWITT & CO.

O. W. THOMAS & CO., of Louisville, are my meets
in the West, and will make alwances on consignments.

R. ATK (ISON.

117 def. New York, Sept. 21, 1862. FILE YOUR ALBUMS

Cartes de Visite

And secres of others iron all paris of the world, including all the "fed" and a great many of the "unfed" Ocnerals. any person or persons among our collection.
marte def WEBSTFR'S GALLERY.

Successor to MEAD & DEC.), Fore Educations. Esterit Vestille. Fire and Burgler Proof Wafes, from Junes, &c., lyn2 der street, apposite Contor Romes, 1912 der

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C. T. MERRIMAN'S, National Hotel, Fourth stree CARPETS! CARPETS!

NEW CLCAKS ON EXHIBITION

J. G. MATHE No. BIO Raain St., ADJOTNING BANK OF LOUISVILLE TAS AN IMMENSE STOCK OF CARPETS, OH. and, which was bought provious to the recent large same, and which can be seld lower than the same Come, one-come, gdl.
The above stock comprises some \$40,000 yards of Velret, Brussel, Tapestry Brussels, and Ingrain Carpeta Also in et ere a large and desirable lot of Shades, Lac and Northagham Cartains, Damask and Satin DeLaines

a fact everything in the way of Steamboat and House GENTLEMEN'S Outfitting Establishment

SPROULE & MANDEVILLE, Corner Main and Fourth sts., WHERE EVERYTHING OAN BE FOUND AP-CLOTHIMG of alt kinds; SHIRTS of all kinds; UNDERSHIRTS and DRAWESS of all kinds;

SOURS of all kinds.
23 SPROULE & MANDEVILLE. CITY HOTEL, BOWLING GREEN, KY. WOULD RESPECTFULLY CALL THE ATTEN-tion of () former patrons and the fravelling com-annity to the fact that the abswerment house is that nost convenient to the rational and steamboat landrds, not excelled by any llotel in the Green

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No. 173 Fourth at., between Main and River, LOUISVILLE, WYS. No sold or other deleterious substance used. War-acted to answer for all purposes for which Vinegar is and. A large supply always in store and for sale in bit to the trade out; PURE BOURBON & RYE WHISKY,

Foreign and Domestic Liquors. PAGS! RAGS! RAGS!
H 10HEST PRICE GIVEN FOR TAOS IN OASH
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W. R. Cheese recelved this day and for sule by
TERRY & CD., 518 Main st.